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New cyclic peptides via ring-closing metathesis reactions and their anti-bacterial activities

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ABSTRACT

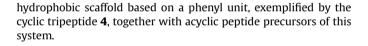
As part of a program investigating cyclic peptides with an internal aromatic hydrophobic scaffold as potential novel anti-bacterial agents, we explored the synthesis of simple tyrosine-based systems. These were prepared via key intermediates containing internal allylglycine and allyltyrosine residues for subsequent ring-closing metathesis reactions. Although the resulting anti-bacterial activity against *Staphylococcus aureus* was modest, this represents a novel and simple route to this class of compounds. One intermediate acyclic dipeptide precursor showed good activity against *S. aureus* with an MIC of 7.8 μ g/mL.

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1. Introduction

The need for new, novel anti-bacterial agents is becoming increasingly important with the escalating number of cases of multidrug resistant bacterial infections being reported.^{1,2} A number of compounds targeting these resistant strains have recently been reported, e.g., linezolid,³ however, resistance to these new molecules has already started to emerge.^{4–6} Vancomycin has long been cast as the drug-of-last-resort and has been in use for a number of years, despite the increasing prevalence of VRE (vancomycin resistant Enterococci)⁷ and now vancomycin resistant Staphylococcus aureus.⁸ The complicated ring systems of vancomycin limit investigations into extensive structure-activity relationships based on the parent structure. Therefore, we instigated a programme investigating the synthesis of potential anti-bacterial agents using some structural elements of vancomycin, but dramatically simplifying the hydrophobic scaffold to simple moieties that hold a tripeptide in a defined conformation. Thus far, we have reported cyclic peptides containing hydrophobic scaffolds based on 1,1'-binaphthyls,⁹ carbazoles,^{10,11} indoles¹² and benzo[*b*]thiophenes¹³ with numerous derivatives showing significant anti-bacterial activity (Fig. 1). We report here the synthesis and anti-bacterial activity against S. aureus of an additional, simpler



2. Results and discussion

Our target structure is typified by the cyclic peptide **11** (Scheme 1), the hydrochloride salt of **4** (R=Lys or Arg side chains). The tripeptide precursor of **11** features a key protected terminal amino group-containing amino acid (Lys; in later work this was replaced by an Arg residue with a protected guanidino moiety) and an allyltyrosine, which provides two roles: the aromatic moiety serves as the hydrophobic unit and the olefin enables the cyclization to be undertaken via a reliable ring-closing metathesis (RCM) reaction¹⁴ with the third unit of the tripeptide, an allylglycine unit. The modular synthetic strategy also allows for the rapid generation of analogues including variations in the amino acid configuration (*R* or *S*) as well as variations in the amino acid side chains themselves, e.g., the RCM of two incorporated allyltyrosine units.

The synthesis of **11** was realized (Scheme 1) in a six-step sequence starting with commercially available L-allylglycine **5**. The acid **5** was esterified¹⁵ using thionyl chloride in a solution of anhydrous methanol at 0 °C, to give **6** in quantitative yield. The synthesis of the dipeptide **7** used typical EDCI/HOBt peptide coupling conditions¹⁶ reacting **6** with commercially available Fmoc–D-Lys (Boc)–OH and resulted in a 94% yield of **7** after column chromatography. Removal of the base labile Fmoc group from the dipeptide **7** was achieved using standard conditions¹⁷ of a 1% piperidine/ acetonitrile solution to yield the free amine **8** in 99% yield.

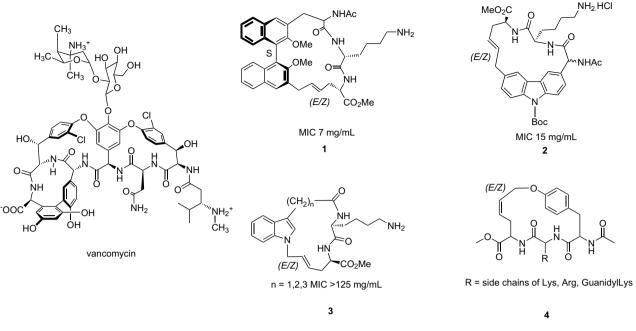


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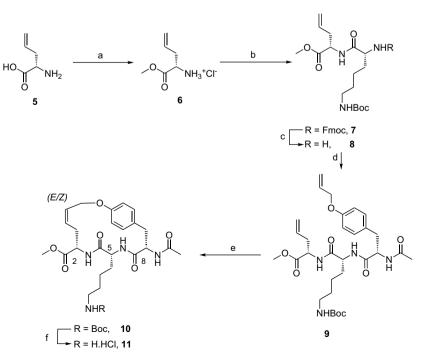
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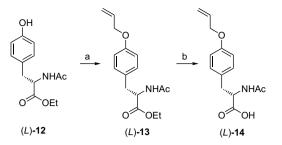




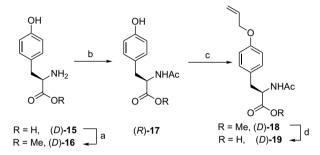
We next required the *N*-protected allyltyrosine **14**, which was generated by treating commercially available ethyl (2*S*)-2-acetamido-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoate **12** with K_2CO_3 and then allyl bromide to produce the L-O-allyl-tyrosine derivative **13** in quantitative yield with no further purification required (Scheme 2). The ethyl ester **13** was hydrolyzed by reaction with 2 equiv of LiOH in 3:1 THF/H₂O and afforded, after acidification, the free carboxylic acid **14** in quantitative yield (Scheme 2). The corresponding D-analogue of **14** was also required for the generation of analogues, but this required a slightly modified synthetic strategy based upon the commercial availability of compounds (Scheme 3). Therefore, the acid catalyzed esterification of D-tyrosine **15** with thionyl chloride in methanol yielded the methyl ester **16** in quantitative yield as the ammonium salt, which was then treated with 5 M sodium acetate at 0 °C to produce the free amine. Acetic anhydride was added to the aqueous solution and the *N*-acetyl derivative **17** precipitated in 76% yield. The last two steps of the synthesis were performed in the same manner as described for the synthesis of **13** and **14** to yield the corresponding D-analogues **18** and **19** in 85 and 88% yield, respectively.



Scheme 1. Synthesis of cyclic peptides: (a) MeOH, SOCl₂, 0 °C to rt, 16 h, 100%; (b) Fmoc-D-Lys(Boc)-OH, EDCl, HOBt, DIPEA, DMF, 0 °C to rt, 16 h, 94%; (c) 1% piperidine/CH₃CN, rt, 3 h, 99%; (d) 14, EDCl, HOBt, DMF, 0 °C to rt, 16 h, 69%; (e) Grubbs [Ru] catalyst, benzylidene bis(tricyclohexylphosphine)dichlororuthenium, CH₂Cl₂, Δ, 48 h, 75%; (f) (i) TFA/CH₂Cl₂ (1:1); (ii) 1 M HCl/ether, rt, 3 h, 49%.



Scheme 2. Synthesis of L-N-acetyl-O-allyltyrosine: (a) allyl bromide, DMF, K_2CO_3 , rt, 16 h, 100%; (b) (i) 2 equiv LiOH, THF/H₂O, rt, 16 h; (ii) 10% HCl, 100%.



Scheme 3. Synthesis of p-N-acetyl-O-allyltyrosine: (a) MeOH, SOCl₂, 0 $^{\circ}$ C to rt, 16 h, 100%; (b) Ac₂O, NaOAc, 0 $^{\circ}$ C, 76%; (c) allyl bromide, DMF, K₂CO₃, rt, 16 h, 85%; (d) LiOH, THF/H₂O, rt, 16 h, 88%.

The coupling of the α -amino dipeptide **8** to the allyltyrosine **14** (Scheme 1) used standard EDCI/HOBt peptide coupling conditions to yield **9** in 69% yield after purification by column chromatography. A ring-closing metathesis (RCM) reaction of the peptide **9** with Grubbs' first generation catalyst (benzylidene bis(tricyclohexyl-phosphene)dichlororuthenium) gave **10** as a mixture of *E* and *Z* isomers in 75% yield, which could not be separated. The *E*/*Z* ratio and alkene coupling constants could not be determined by analysis of the ¹H NMR spectra due to overlapping peaks, but all the spectroscopic data was consistent with the cyclic structure **10**. Subsequent Boc deprotection of **10** with TFA and anion exchange by treatment with HCl/ether followed by precipitation gave the amine hydrochloride salt **11** in 49% yield.

This modular approach to novel cyclic peptide synthesis allowed for the rapid generation of analogues to probe structure–activity relationships (SARs) upon testing for anti-bacterial activity. Therefore, we synthesized and tested a series of analogues that included:

- (a) Variations in the stereochemistry at C2 (D- and L-allylGly), C5 (D- and L-amino acids) and C8 (D- and L-allyltyrosine).
- (b) Variations in the C5 amino acid including the N-terminal side chains of Lys, Arg and *N*-guanidylLys.
- (c) Some of the *N*-deprotected acyclic di- and tripeptide intermediates synthesized.
- (d) The replacement of allylGly with a second allyltyrosine.

While not exhaustively producing all possible variations defined above, a selection of target compounds were synthesized using the same synthetic strategy as outlined in Scheme 1. Scheme 4 shows the generation of deprotected cyclic tyrosine-based molecules **11** and **44–49**. Schemes 5 and 6 summarize the deprotection of the intermediate di- and tripeptides, respectively, that were also tested for anti-bacterial activity. The acyclic *N*-guanidineLys derivatives **62** and **63** were also *N*-deprotected (Scheme 7) to allow for biological testing as their hydrochloride salts and the corresponding cyclic tyrosine versions of these derivatives were more conveniently synthesized from **10** and this is exemplified by the synthesis of **65** (Scheme 8). The synthesis of the cyclic tripeptides containing two tyrosine residues is outlined in Scheme 9. This necessitated access to the ester protected allyltyrosine **69**, which was generated analogously to those established in the synthesis of the tyrosines **14** and **19** (Schemes 2 and 3). The completion of the synthesis of the cyclic dityrosine derivatives also used standard conditions as indicated in Scheme 9. Some acyclic tyrosine dipeptides **70–82** were also generated to supplement SAR studies and these are summarized in Scheme 10.

3. Anti-bacterial testing results

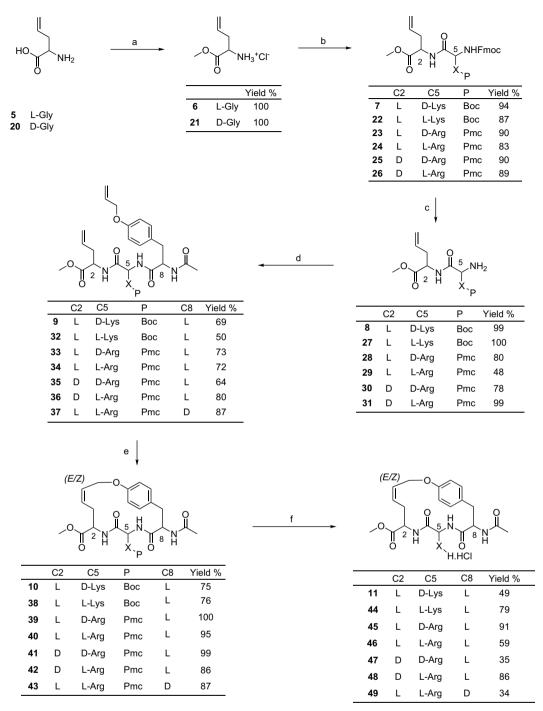
The anti-bacterial activity results against *S. aureus* ATCC6538P (Fig. 2) were measured as minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC), the lowest concentration of compound necessary to prevent bacterial growth. The activities ranged from an MIC of 7.8 μ g/mL for compound **81** to an MIC >125 μ g/mL (inactive) for a number of compounds. Vancomycin was used as the standard/ control and typically had an MIC range of 1.25–2.5 μ g/mL.

The most active cyclic compound tested was the dityrosine peptide **75**, which had a moderate activity of $15.6 \,\mu\text{g/mL}$. As expected, the p-lysine cyclic peptide **11**, which is conformationally similar to the binaphthyl lead compound **1** (Fig. 1), had moderate activity (MIC 62.5 $\mu\text{g/mL}$) and was the most active of the monotyrosine compounds. The p-arginine and p-lysine cyclic peptides (**45** and **11**, respectively) had the same activity indicating no advantage in arginine over lysine as the basic residue, although the lack of activity with the presence of the homoarginine side chains suggests an optimum chain length for anti-bacterial activity. Generally the presence of a *C*-terminal residue L-amino acid residue and an adjacent p-amino acid with a basic residue gives rise to better activity, e.g., **49** versus **45** versus **48**.

The greatest activity was found, unexpectedly, with the dipeptide intermediate 81, which was as active as the binaphthyl lead compound **1** with an MIC of 7.8 μ g/mL. This can be attributed to the Fmoc group acting as a hydrophobic scaffold, in a similar manner to the binaphthyl moiety of 1. As the molecule also contains a protonated side chain it meets our previously established criteria for anti-bacterial activity. This compound also has the minimal structural features consistent with the anti-staphylococcal pharmacophore proposed for short cationic peptides.¹⁸ The other dipeptide analogues featuring O-allyltyrosine (79, 80 and 82) as the Cterminal residue instead of C2-allylglycine (50-53) also resulted in promising anti-bacterial activity (MIC 15.6–31.5 µg/mL). The allylglycine analogues, with either the D- or L-configuration, all showed poor anti-bacterial activity (MIC of 125 µg/mL) significantly less active than the corresponding O-allyltyrosine compounds indicating that some form of hydrophobic moiety is required at the C-terminal end. The tripeptide acyclic intermediates failed to produce any significant anti-bacterial activity.

The location of the O-allyltyrosine residue at the C-terminus is more favourable than a C2-allylglycine residue (e.g., **81** vs **51**) suggesting that a hydrophobic entity is required for optimum activity at this end of the molecule. The acyclic dipeptides also show a preference for arginine over lysine basic side chains. These smaller dipeptides have a degree of conformational freedom and it is most likely beneficial, and synthetically easier, to develop smaller acyclic compounds.

The third major observation was the hydrophobicity of the molecules. The tyrosine derivative **81**, which mimics the binaphthyl in the lead compound **1**, is significantly smaller and less hydrophobic than the scaffold/template of the lead **1**. The Fmoc fluorenyl ring system (e.g., in **81**) is more hydrophobic than a tyrosine residue and more isosteric with the binaphthyl ring system of the lead compound. It is clear that the presence of the more hydrophobic



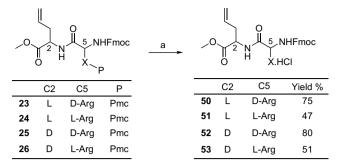
Scheme 4. 'X' in structures represents the amino acid side chain as defined under 'C5' in the associated tables. (a) MeOH, SOCl₂, 0 °C to rt, 16 h; (b) Fmoc–D or L-Lys(Boc)–OH, EDCI, HOBt, DIPEA, DMF, 0 °C to rt, 16 h; (c) 1% piperidine/CH₃CN, rt, 3 h; (d) **14** or **19**, EDCI, HOBt, DMF, 0 °C to rt, 16 h; (e) Grubb [Ru] catalyst – benzylidene bis(tricyclohexyl-phosphine)dichlororuthenium, CH₂Cl₂, Δ, 48 h; (f) (i) TFA/CH₂Cl₂ (1:1); (ii) 1 M HCl/ether, rt, 3 h, 49%.

Fmoc group increases the activity of the compounds in relation to the tyrosine derivative.

4. Conclusions

We have synthesized a series cyclic peptides based upon allyltyrosine and allylglycine moieties. The key cyclization was achieved via a ring-closing metathesis reaction. The anti-bacterial activity of the cyclic peptides and their acyclic precursors revealed that for optimum activity:

- The compounds do not have to be macrocyclic, but can be straight chain peptides.
- The p-configuration is preferred for the basic residue, and arginine is preferable over lysine. Also, the side chain in homoarginine is too long and renders the compounds inactive.
- The L-configuration is preferred for the C-terminal amino acid residue.
- A small hydrophobic group is required near the C-terminus whereas a larger hydrophobic group is required at the Nterminus.



Scheme 5. Synthesis of the deprotected acyclic dipeptide derivatives. (a) (i) TFA/ CH₂Cl₂ (1:1); (ii) 1 M HCl/ether, rt, 3 h. 'X' in structures represents the amino acid side chain as defined under 'C5' in the associated tables.

5. Experimental

5.1. General

Melting point determinations were carried out on a Gallenkamp melting point apparatus. Chemical ionization (CI) and electron impact (EI) mass spectra were obtained on a Shimadzu QP-5000 mass spectrometer by a direct insertion technique with an electron beam energy of 70 eV. Electrospray (ESI) mass spectra were obtained on a VG Autospec spectrometer. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were determined on a micromass QTof2 spectrometer using polyethylene glycol or polypropylene glycol as the internal standard. The m/z values are stated with their peak intensity as a percentage in parentheses. Optical rotations were measured using a Jasco polarimeter with a 10 mm path length. Proton and carbon nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectra were obtained as specified on a Varian Mercury 300 MHz or Varian Inova 500 MHz spectrometer. Spectra were recorded in the specified deuterated solvent, and referenced to the residual non-deuterated solvent signal. Chemical shifts (δ) in parts per million were measured relative to the internal standard. Where samples exhibited (E) and (Z) isomers the chemical shifts are separated by (/). In general, the two forms could not be separated by flash chromatography. Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out on Merck silica gel 60 F254 pre-coated aluminium plates with a thickness of 0.2 mm. All column chromatography was performed under 'flash' conditions on Merck silica gel 60 (230-400 mesh). Chromatography solvent mixtures were measured by volume. Organic solvent extracts were dried with anhydrous magnesium sulfate. All compounds were judged to be of greater than 95% purity based upon ¹H NMR and TLC analyses. The Grubbs ruthenium catalyst used was specifically benzylidene bis(tricyclohexylphosphine) dichlororuthenium. Other general experimental procedures have been reported previously.¹¹

Proton and carbon NMR spectra for all compounds were assigned using the numbering systems as illustrated in Figure 3. Cyclic peptoids were named using the IUPAC 'superatom' convention, in which the aromatic ring is considered equivalent to, and sequentially numbered like, all other atoms in the macrocycle.¹⁹

5.2. General synthetic procedures

5.2.1. N-Boc and Pmc deprotection (Procedure A)

The *N*-Boc or Pmc protected amine (1 equiv) was stirred for 3 h in 1:1 CH_2CI_2 /TFA solution at rt. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was resuspended in a minimal volume of methanol. The solution was then treated with an excess of 1 M HCl/diethyl ether solution and the solvent again evaporated. The crude product was purified by recrystallization/precipitation from CH_2CI_2 and/or MeOH by addition of diethyl ether.

5.2.2. Peptide coupling (Procedure B)

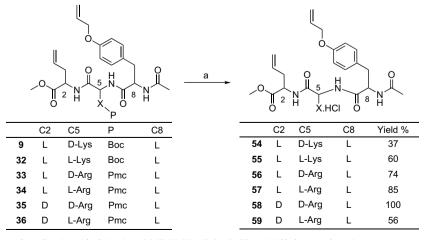
To a solution of the acid (1 equiv) in DMF at rt was added HOBt (1.1 equiv), EDCI (1 equiv) and the amine (1.2 equiv). If the amine was a hydrochloride salt, DIPEA (1 equiv) was also added. The mixture was allowed to stir for 16 h before the reaction was quenched with water until precipitation occurred. The solid was collected by vacuum filtration, and washed thoroughly with water. The amorphous product was dried under vacuum over P_2O_5 to yield the desired peptide.

5.2.3. N-Fmoc deprotection (Procedure C)

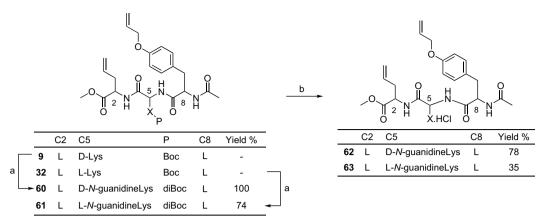
The Fmoc protected amine was stirred in 1% piperidine/acetonitrile for 3 h at rt. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (15:1, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH) to yield the free amine.

5.2.4. Macrocyclization by olefin metathesis (Procedure D)

To a solution of the precursor tripeptide in CH_2Cl_2 (to 0.004 M) was added Grubbs ruthenium catalyst (15 mol %) and the resulting solution was heated at reflux for 48 h before the solvent was removed by evaporation and the product isolated by flash column



Scheme 6. Synthesis of the deprotected acyclic tripeptide derivatives. (a) (i) TFA/CH₂Cl₂ (1:1); (ii) 1 M HCl/ether, rt, 3 h. 'X' in structures represents the amino acid side chain as defined under 'C5' in the associated tables.



Scheme 7. Synthesis of the deprotected acyclic tripeptide derivatives containing the guanidated lysine amino acid side chain. (a) (i) TFA, CH₂Cl₂ (1:1); (ii) Tf–N=C(NHBoc)₂, Et₃N, rt, 16 h; (b) (i) TFA/CH₂Cl₂ (1:1); (ii) 1 M HCl/ether, rt, 3 h. 'X' in structures represents the amino acid side chain as defined under 'C5' in the associated tables.

chromatography (15:1, $CH_2Cl_2/MeOH$) to yield the corresponding macrocycle.

5.3. Synthesis of allylated tyrosine amino acids

5.3.1. Ethyl (2S)-2-acetamido-3-(4-allyloxyphenyl)propanoate (13)

To a solution of ethyl (2*S*)-2-acetamido-3-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)propanoate monohydrate **12** (2.69 g, 9.98 mmol) and an-hydrous K₂CO₃ (2.75 g, 20.0 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) was added allyl bromide (2.42 g, 19.96 mmol). The resulting mixture was allowed to stir for 16 h under nitrogen before the reaction was quenched with water (30 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (3×50 mL). The combined extracts were washed with water (5×50 mL), dried and the solvent was evaporated to yield the title compound (2.91 g, 9.98 mmol, 100%) as a white solid, which had spectral data in agreement with that reported.²⁰ $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +23.1 (*c* 0.1, EtOH).²⁰ Mp 69–70 °C (lit. 69.5 °C).²⁰

5.3.2. (2S)-2-acetamido-3-(4-allyloxyphenyl)propanoic acid (14)

To a solution of **13** (2.90 g, 9.98 mmol) in THF/water (3:1, 80 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (838 mg, 20.0 mmol) and the resulting suspension was allowed to stir for 16 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL) and the THF was removed by evaporation. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (40 mL) to remove unreacted starting material. The aqueous phase was acidified with 10% HCl and the resulting precipitate was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×40 mL). The combined extracts were dried and evaporated to yield the title compound (2.62 g, 9.98 mmol, 100%) as white needles, which had spectral data in agreement with that reported.²⁰ Mp 170–172 °C (lit. 200 °C).²⁰

5.3.3. Methyl (2R)-2-amino-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-2-propanoate hydrochloride (**16**)

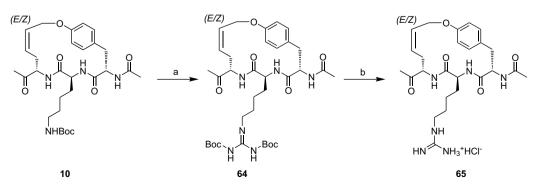
To a solution of (2*R*)-2-amino-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoic acid **15** (1.07 g, 5.9 mmol) in anhydrous MeOH (10 mL) at 0 °C was added dropwise thionyl chloride (2 mL). The resulting mixture was allowed to stir for 16 h before the solvent was removed by evaporation to yield the title compound (1.36 g, 5.9 mmol, 100%) as a white solid, which was spectroscopically identical to that reported.²¹ $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ –27.7 (*c* 0.1, EtOH) (lit. $[\alpha]_{D}^{24}$ –27.1 (*c* 2.0, MeOH)).²¹ Mp 176 °C (lit. 134–136 °C).²¹

5.3.4. Methyl (2R)-2-acetamido-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-propanoate (**17**)

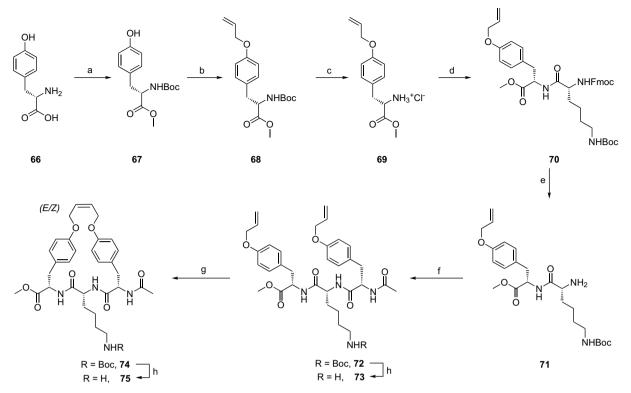
A solution of the HCl salt **16** (1.09 g, 6.02 mmol) in water (3 mL) was cooled to 0 °C before the addition of 5 M sodium acetate solution (35 mL) and a small amount of ice. Acetic anhydride (10 mL) was added and the resulting precipitate was collected by vacuum filtration and dried to yield the title compound (1.09 g, 4.58 mmol, 76%) as a white solid, which was spectroscopically identical to that reported.²¹ $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –27.2 (*c* 0.1, EtOH) (lit. $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –26.6 (*c* 0.1, MeOH)).²¹ Mp 132–133 °C (lit. 134–135.5 °C).²¹

5.3.5. Methyl (2R)-2-acetamido-3-(4-allyloxyphenyl)-propanoate (**18**)

To a solution of **17** (989 mg, 4.17 mmol), and anhydrous K_2CO_3 (1.15 g, 8.34 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) was added allyl bromide (1.01 g, 8.34 mmol) and the resulting mixture was allowed to stir for 16 h under a nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction was quenched with water (30 mL), extracted with ethyl acetate (3×30 mL), and the combined organics were washed with water



Scheme 8. Synthesis of the cyclic tripeptide containing the guanidated lysine amino acid side chain. (a) (i) TFA/CH₂Cl₂ (1:1); (ii) Tf-N=C(NHBoc)₂, Et₃N, rt, 16 h; (b) (i) TFA/CH₂Cl₂ (1:1); (ii) 1 M HCl/ether, rt, 3 h, 87% (two steps).



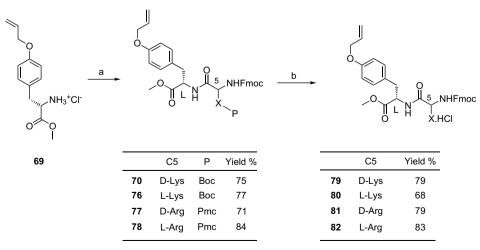
Scheme 9. (a) (i) MeOH, SOCl₂, 0 °C to rt, 16 h; (ii) (Boc)₂O, DMF, rt, 16% (two steps); (b) allyl bromide, DMF, K_2CO_3 , rt, 16 h, 76%; (c) TFA/CH₂Cl₂ (1:1); (ii) 1 M HCl/ether, rt, 3 h, 100%; (d) Fmoc–D-Lys(Boc)–OH, EDCl, HOBt, DIPEA, DMF, 0 °C to rt, 16 h, 75%; (e) 1% pip/CH₃CN, rt, 3 h, 97%; (f) 14, EDCl, HOBt, DMF, 0 °C to rt, 16 h, 37%. (g) Grubbs [Ru] catalyst – benzylidene bis(tricyclohexylphosphine)dichlororuthenium, CH₂Cl₂, Δ , 48 h, 41%; (h) (i) TFA/CH₂Cl₂ (1:1); (ii) 1 M HCl/ether, rt, 3 h, 49%.

(5×20 mL) before drying. The solvent was evaporated to yield the title compound (985 mg, 3.56 mmol, 85%) as a pale yellow solid. [α] $_{D}^{55}$ –24.2 (*c* 0.1, EtOH). Mp 90 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 6.97 (d, *J*=8.7 Hz, 2H, ArH2' and ArH6'), 6.80 (d, *J*=8.7 Hz, 2H, ArH3' and ArH5'), 6.09 (d, *J*=7.8 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.07–5.95 (m, 1H, H2''), 5.37 (dd, *J*=1.8, 17.4 Hz, 1H, H3_a''), 5.25 (dd, *J*=1.8, 10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b''), 4.83–4.77 (m, 1H, H2), 4.47 (d, *J*=5.5 Hz, 2H, H1''), 3.68 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.08–2.94 (m, 2H, H3), 1.99 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.1, C1; 169.6, NCO; 157.6, ArC4'; 133.1, C2''; 130.1, ArCH2' and ArCH6'; 127.9, ArC1'; 117.5, C3''; 114.7, ArCH3' and ArCH5'; 68.6, C1''; 53.2, C2; 52.2, OCH₃; 36.9, C3; 22.9, NCOCH₃. MS (CI, +ve) *m*/z

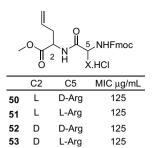
278 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{15}H_{19}NO_4$ 277.131408, found 277.130309.

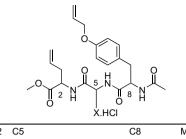
5.3.6. (2R)-2-Acetamido-3-(4-allyloxyphenyl)propanoic acid (19)

To a solution of **18** (900 mg, 3.25 mmol) in THF/water, 3:1 (10 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (273 mg, 6.5 mmol), and the resulting suspension was allowed to stir for 16 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL) and the THF was removed in vacuo. The aqueous layer was extracted with diethyl ether (40 mL) to remove unreacted starting material. The aqueous phase was acidified with 10% HCl and the resulting precipitate was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×40 mL). The

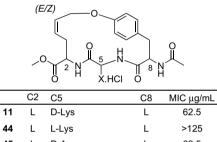


Scheme 10. Synthesis of the L-allyltyrosine dipeptide derivatives: (a) Fmoc-D- or L-Lys(Boc)-OH or Fmoc-D- or L-Arg(PMC)-OH, EDCI, HOBt, DIPEA, DMF, 0 °C to rt, 16 h; (b) (i) TFA/ CH₂Cl₂ (1:1); (ii) 1 M HCl/ether, rt, 3 h. 'X' in structures represents the amino acid side chain as defined under 'C5' in tables.

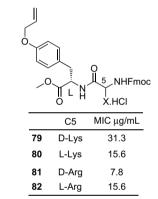




	C2	C5	C8	MIC µg/mL
9	L	D-Lys	L	125
32	L	L-Lys	L	>125
33	L	D-Arg	L	>125
34	L	L-Arg	L	>125
35	D	D-Arg	L	>125
36	D	L-Arg	L	>125
37	L	L-Arg	D	-
62	L	D-N-guanidineLys	L	>125
63	L	L-N-guanidineLys	L	>500



45	L	D-Arg	L	62.5
46	L	L-Arg	L	125
47	D	D-Arg	L	125
48	D	L-Arg	L	125
49	L	L-Arg	D	125
65	L	L-N-guanidineLys	L	>125



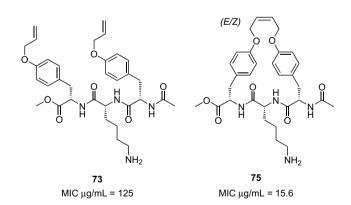


Figure 2. Minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) data for the anti-bacterial testing of the acyclic di- and tripeptides and the cyclic tripeptide derivatives synthesized.

combined CH₂Cl₂ fractions were dried and concentrated to yield the title compound (750 mg, 2.85 mmol, 88%) as a white solid. $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –23.2 (*c* 0.1, EtOH). Mp 75 °C. ¹H NMR (acetone-*d*₆, 300 MHz): δ 7.27 (d, *J*=7.8 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.17 (d, *J*=8.7 Hz, 2H, ArH2' and ArH6'), 6.86 (d, *J*=8.7 Hz, 2H, ArH3' and ArH5'), 6.12–6.00 (m, 1H, H2"), 5.40 (dd *J*=1.5, 17.5 Hz, 1H, H3_a"), 5.23 (dd, *J*=1.5, 10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b"), 4.67 (dd, *J*=8.1, 10.5 Hz 1H, H2), 4.53 (d,

J=5.1 Hz, 2H, H1″), 3.11 (dd, *J*=5.4, 14.1 Hz, 1H, 3H_a), 2.93 (dd, *J*=8.1, 14.1 Hz, 1H, 3H_b), 1.89 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃). ¹³C NMR (acetone*d*₆, 75 MHz): δ 173.1, C1; 170.4, NCO; 158.4, ArC4′; 134.8, C2″; 131.1, ArCH2′ and ArCH6′; 130.2, ArC1′; 117.2, C3″; 115.3, ArCH3′ and ArCH5′; 69.2, C1″; 54.5, C2; 37.3, C3; 22.6, NCOCH₃. MS (CI, +ve) *m*/*z* 264 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₁₄H₁₈NO₄ 264.123583, found 264.123770.

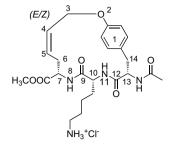


Figure 3. 'Superatom' convention for the numbering of macrocycles.¹⁹

5.4. Synthesis of methylester allyl glycines (6 and 21)

5.4.1. Methyl (2S)-2-amino-4-pentenoate hydrochloride (6)

To a suspension of (2S)-2-amino-4-pentanoic acid **5** (200 mg, 1.74 mmol) in MeOH (6 mL) at 0 °C was added dropwise thionyl chloride (1 mL). The resulting solution was allowed to stir for 16 h before the solvent was removed by evaporation and the product crystallized with ether. The ether was removed by evaporation to yield the title compound (287 mg, 1.74 mmol, 100%) as a white solid, which had spectral data in agreement with that reported.¹⁵ Mp 172–174 °C (lit. 174–176 °C).¹⁵

5.4.2. Methyl (2R)-2-amino-4-pentenoate hydrochloride (21)

This was prepared from (2*R*)-2-amino-4-pentenoic acid (200 mg, 1.74 mmol) in methanol (6 mL) using the same procedure as for the synthesis of **6** above, to yield the title compound (287 mg, 1.74 mmol, 100%) as a white solid, which was spectroscopically identical to that reported.²² Mp 135–140 °C.

5.5. Synthesis of protected dipeptides (7, 22-26)

5.5.1. Methyl (2S,5R)-2-allyl-3-aza-9-(tert-butoxycarboxamido)-5-(9H-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-4-oxononanoate (**7**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general peptide coupling procedure (Procedure B), from 6 (186 mg, 1.62 mmol) and (2*R*)-6-tert-butoxycarboxamido-2-(9*H*-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)hexanoic acid (633 mg, 1.35 mmol) to afford 7 (733 mg, 1.27 mmol, 94%) as a cream solid. Mp 117–120 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.76 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 2H, ArH1" and ArH8"), 7.59 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 2H, ArH4" and ArH5"), 7.39 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H, ArH3" and ArH6"), 7.31 (ddd, J=9.0, 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 2H, ArH2" and ArH7"), 6.75 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 1H, NH), 5.74-5.57 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.11-5.05 (m, 2H, H3'), 4.70-4.62 (m, 2H, H2 and NH), 4.38 (d, J=6.7 Hz, 2H, OCH₂-H9"), 4.26–4.18 (m, 2H, H5 and H9"), 3.71 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.10 (d, *J*=6.3 Hz, 2H, H9), 2.62-2.44 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.88-1.83 (m, 2H, H8), 1.70-1.63 (m, 2H, H7), 1.49–1.37 (m 2H, H7), 1.43 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 171.6, C4; 171.2, C1; 156.0, NCO₂; 156.0, NCO₂: 143.5. ArC8a" and ArC9a"; 141.1, ArC4a" and ArC4b"; 131.9, C2'; 127.6, ArCH3" and ArCH6"; 126.9, ArCH2" and ArCH7"; 125.0, ArCH1" and ArCH8"; 119.8, C3'; 119.2, ArCH4" and ArCH5"; 79.1, C(CH₃)₃; 67.1, CH₂-C9"; 54.7, C5; 52.5, OCH₃; 51.5, C2; 47.1, C9"; 39.8, C9; 36.4, C6; 32.2, C6; 29.7, C8; 28.5, C(CH₃)₃; 22.4, C7. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 579.9 (80%) [MH⁺], 479.9 (100%) [MH⁺–(Boc)]. HRMS calcd for C₃₂H₄₂N₃O₇ 580.3023, found 580.3041.

5.5.2. Methyl (2S,5S)-2-allyl-3-aza-9-(tert-butoxycarboxamido)-5-(9H-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-4-oxononanoate (**22**)

To a solution of **6** (430 mg, 2.61 mmol) and (2*S*)-6-*tert*-butoxycarboxamido-2-(9*H*-9-fluorenylmethyloxy)carboxamido hexanoic acid (1.22 g, 2.61 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) was added EDCI (500 mg, 2.61 mmol) and a catalytic quantity of DMAP. The resulting mixture was allowed to stir at rt for 16 h. The reaction was diluted with

CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL), then the organic layer was washed with brine (2×25 mL) and water (2×25 mL) and dried, before being concentrated. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (25:1, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH) to afford the title compound (1.31 g, 2.27 mmol, 87%) as a cream coloured solid. Mp 123–126 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.76 (d, *J*=7.6 Hz, 2H, ArH1" and ArH8"), 7.59 (d, *I*=7.6 Hz, 2H, ArH4" and ArH5"), 7.40 (t, *I*=7.6 Hz, 2H, ArH3" and ArH6"), 7.31 (ddd, *I*=9.0, 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 2H, ArH2" and ArH7"), 6.46 (br s. 1H, NH), 5.73–5.62 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.44 (s, 1H, NH), 5.12–5.07 (m, 2H, H3'), 4.80 (br s, 1H, NH), 4.65-4.61 (m, 1H, H2), 4.39 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 2H, OCH₂-H9"), 4.23-4.19 (m, 1H, H5), 4.17 (br s, 1H, H9"), 3.74 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.16-3.05 (m, 2H, H9), 2.64-2.47 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.94-1.76 (m, 2H, H7), 1.75-1.64 (m, 2H, H6), 1.55-1.48 (m 2H, H8), 1.44 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 171.9, C4; 171.6, C1; 156.2, NCO2; 143.7, ArC8a" and ArC9a"; 142.7, ArC4a" and ArC4b"; 131.9, C2'; 127.7, ArCH3" and ArCH6"; 127.0, ArCH2" and ArCH7"; 125.0, ArCH1" and ArCH8"; 119.9, C3'; 119.3, ArCH4" and ArCH5"; 79.1, C(CH₃)₃; 67.0, CH₂-C9"; 54.5, C5; 52.4, OCH₃; 50.6, C2; 47.0, C9"; 39.8, C9; 36.1, C1'; 32.0, C6; 29.9, C8; 28.3, C(CH₃)₃; 22.2, C7. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 580.5 (10%) [MH⁺], 130.5 (100%) [MH⁺ (less allylGly)]. HRMS calcd for C₃₂H₄₂N₃O₇ 580.3023, found 580.3025.

5.5.3. Methyl (2S,5R)-2-allyl-3-aza-5-(9H-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-8-[(2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6chromenylsulfonyl)guanidino]-4-oxooctanoate (**23**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general peptide coupling procedure (Procedure B), from 6 (287 mg, 1.74 mmol) and (2R)-2-(9H-9-fluorenvlmethyloxycarboxamido)-8-[(2.2.5.7.8pentamethyl-3.4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl)guanidinolpentanoic acid (961 mg, 1.45 mmol) to afford 23 (1.01 g, 1.31 mmol, 90%) as a brown solid. $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +11.5 (c 0.011, MeOH). IR (neat) ν_{max} 1538, 1445, 1238, 1166, 1109, 736. Mp 96–100 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.70 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH1" and ArH8"), 7.52 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 2H, ArH4" and ArH5"), 7.35 (br s, 1H, NH), 7.33 (dd, J=7.2, 7.2 Hz, 2H, ArH3" and ArH6"), 7.20 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H, ArH2" and ArH7"), 6.35 (s, 2H, NH), 6.26 (br s, 2H, NH), 5.78–5.56 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.03 (d, *J*=18.0 Hz, 1H, H3_a'), 4.98 (d, *J*=10.2 Hz, 1H, H3_b'), 4.53 (dd, *J*=7.2, 12.9 Hz, 1H, H2), 4.27 (d, *J*=6.6 Hz, 2H, OCH₂-H9"), 4.17–4.02 (m, 2H, H5 and H9"), 3.63 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.30-3.12 (m, 2H, H8), 2.57 (s, 3H, 7^m-CH₃), 2.54 (s, 3H, 5^m-CH₃), 2.50-2.47 (m, 4H, H1' and H4^{III}), 2.06 (s, 3H, 8^{III}-CH₃), 1.96-1.78 (m, 2H, H7), 1.71 (t, J=6.6 Hz, 2H, H3^{*m*}), 1.66–1.52 (m, 2H, H6), 1.24 (s, 6H, 2×2^{*m*}-CH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.1, C4; 171.8, C1; 156.2, ArC6"; 153.5, 5-NCO₂; 143.6, ArC8a"; 143.5, CN₃; 141.0, ArC8a" and ArC9a"; 135.3, ArC4a" and ArC4b"; 134.7, ArC7"; 132.9, ArC5"; 132.3, C2'; 127.5, ArCH3" and ArCH6"; 126.9, ArCH2" and ArCH7"; 125.0, ArCH4" and ArCH5"; 124.0, ArC8"; 119.7, ArCH1" and ArCH8"; 118.8, C3'; 117.8, ArC4a^m; 73.6, C2^m; 67.2, CH₂-C9ⁿ; 52.3, C5; 52.0, C2; 52.0, OCH₃; 47.0, C9"; 40.2, C8; 35.9, C1'; 32.7, C3"; 29.8, C6; 26.7, C2" -CH₃; 25.5, C7; 21.4, C5^m-CH₃; 18.6, C7^m-CH₃; 17.6, C4^m; 12.2, C8^m-CH₃. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 774 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₄₁H₅₂N₅O₈S 774.3537, found 774.3559.

5.5.4. Methyl (2S,5S)-2-allyl-3-aza-5-(9H-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-8-[(2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6chromenylsulfonyl)guanidino]-4-oxooctanoate (**24**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general peptide coupling procedure (Procedure B), from **6** (287 mg, 1.74 mmol) and (2*S*)-2-(9*H*-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-8-[(2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-6-chromenylsulfonyl)guanidino]pentanoic acid (961 mg, 1.45 mmol) to afford **24** (936 mg, 1.21 mmol, 83%) as a brown solid. $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +12.1 (*c* 0.013, MeOH). IR (neat) ν_{max} 1543, 1450, 1233, 1109, 741. Mp 90–94 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.71 (d, *J*=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH1″ and ArH8″), 7.54 (d, *J*=7.0 Hz, 2H, ArH4″ and ArH5″), 7.39 (br s, 1H, NH), 7.34 (t, *J*=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH3″ and ArH6″), 7.22 (t, *J*=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH2″ and ArH7″), 6.34

(br s, 1H, NH), 6.12 (d, *J*=7.5 Hz 1H, NH), 5.71–5.58 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.03 (d, *J*=17.0 Hz, 1H, H3_a'), 4.98 (d, *J*=10.0 Hz, 1H, H3_b'), 4.57–4.50 (m, 1H, H2), 4.40–4.32 (m, 1H, H5), 4.29 (d, *J*=7.2 Hz, 2H, OCH₂-H9"), 4.13-4.08 (m, 1H, H9"), 3.65 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.34-3.14 (m, 2H, H8), 2.58 (s, 3H, 7" - CH₃), 2.55 (s, 3H, 5" - CH₃), 2.54-2.42 (m, 4H, H1' and H4""), 2.07 (s, 3H, 8"'-CH₃), 1.95-1.82 (m, 2H, H6), 1.73 (t, *I*=6.5 Hz, 2H, H3^{*m*}), 1.65–1.54 (m, 2H, H7), 1.26 (s, 6H, 2×2^{*m*}-CH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.0, C4; 171.0, C1; 156.3, ArC6‴; 153.5, 5-NCO₂; 143.6, CN₃; 143.5, ArC8a"; 141.0, ArC8a" and ArC9a"; 137.8, ArC4a" and ArC4b"; 135.3, ArC7"; 134.7, ArC5"; 132.9, C2'; 127.5, ArC3" and ArC6"; 126.9, ArC2" and ArC7"; 125.0, ArC4" and ArC5"; 124.0, ArC8"; 119.8, ArC1" and ArC8"; 118.8, C3'; 117.8, ArC4a; 73.6, C2"; 67.2, CH₂-C9"; 54.1, C5; 52.4, C2; 52.3, OCH3; 47.0, C9"; 40.5, C8; 35.7, C1'; 32.7, C3"; 29.9, C6; 26.8, C2"-CH₃; 25.2, C7; 21.4, 5^{*'''*} -CH₃; 18.6, 7^{*'''*} -CH₃; 17.6, C4^{*'''*}; 12.2, 8^{*'''*} -CH₃. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 774 (20%) [MH⁺], 130 (100%) [allylGly]. HRMS calcd for C₄₁H₅₂N₅O₈S 774.3537, found 774.3517.

5.5.5. Methyl (2R,5R)-2-allyl-3-aza-5-(9H-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-8-[(2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6chrome-nylsulfonyl)guanidino]-4-oxooctanoate (**25**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general peptide coupling procedure (Procedure B), from 21 (287 mg, 1.74 mmol) and (2R)-2-(9H-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-8-[(2,2,5,7,8pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl)guanidino]pentanoic acid (961 mg, 1.45 mmol) to afford 25 (1.01 g, 1.31 mmol, 90%) as a brown solid. $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +5.3 (*c* 0.008, MeOH). IR (neat) ν_{max} 1724, 1545, 1449, 1236, 1167, 1108, 742. Mp 96-98 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ 7.70 (d. *I*=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH1" and ArH8"), 7.53 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 2H, ArH4" and ArH5"), 7.40 (d, J=4.5 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.34 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH3" and ArH6"), 7.22 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH2" and ArH7"), 6.34 (s, 2H, NH), 6.12 (br s, 2H, NH), 5.69-5.55 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.03 (d, J=17.0 Hz, 1H, H3_a'), 4.98 (d, J=10.0 Hz, 1H, H3_b'), 4.53 (dd, J=7.2, 12.9 Hz, 1H, H2), 4.36 (dd, J=8.5, 12.5 Hz, 1H, H5), 4.29 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 2H, 9"-CH₂), 4.08–4.04 (m, 1H, H9"), 3.65 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.28-3.17 (m, 2H, H8), 3.22 (br s, 1H, NH), 2.58 (s, 3H, 7^m-CH₃), 2.55 (s, 3H, 5^{*m*}-CH₃), 2.51–2.39 (m, 4H, H1['] and H4^{*m*}), 2.07 (s, 3H, 8^{*m*}-CH₃), 1.96–1.80 (m, 2H, H7), 1.73 (t, J=6.5 Hz, 2H, H3^{'''}), 1.66–1.54 (m, 2H, H6), 1.25 (s, 6H, 2×2^{*m*}-CH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.0, C4; 171.8, C1; 156.2, ArC6^{'''}; 153.4, 5-NCO₂; 143.6, ArC8a^{'''}; 143.5, CN₃; 141.0, ArC8a" and ArC9a"; 135.2, ArC4a" and ArC4b"; 134.6, ArC7"; 133.0, ArC5"; 132.2, C2'; 127.5, ArCH3" and ArCH6"; 126.8, ArCH2" and ArCH7"; 125.0, ArCH4" and ArCH5"; 123.8, ArC8"; 119.7, ArCH1" and ArCH8"; 118.6, C3'; 117.8, ArC4a"; 73.5, C2"; 67.0, 9"-CH3; 52.3, C5; 52.1, C2; 52.2, OCH3; 47.0, C9"; 40.4, C8; 35.7, C1'; 32.7, C3"; 29.8, C6; 26.7, C2" -CH3; 25.3, C7; 21.4, C5" -CH₃; 18.6, C7 ^m -CH₃; 17.5, C4 ^m; 12.1, C8 ^m -CH₃. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 774 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₄₁H₅₂N₅O₈S 774.3537, found 774.3524.

5.5.6. Methyl (2R,5S)-2-allyl-3-aza-5-(9H-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-8-[(2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6chromenylsulfonyl)guanidino]-4-oxooctanoate (**26**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general peptide coupling procedure (Procedure B), from **21** (287 mg, 1.74 mmol) and (2*S*)-2-(9*H*-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-8-[(2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-6-chromenylsulfonyl)guanidino]pentanoic acid (961 mg, 1.45 mmol) to afford **26** (1.00 g, 1.29 mmol, 89%) as a brown foam. $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +60.2 (*c* 0.006, MeOH). IR (neat) ν_{max} 1667, 1541, 1449, 1237, 1166, 1107, 761, 741. Mp 90–92 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.70 (d, *J*=7.6 Hz, 2H, ArH1" and ArH8"), 7.51 (d, *J*=7.6 Hz, 2H, ArH4" and ArH5"), 7.33 (t, *J*=7.2 Hz, 2H, ArH3" and ArH6"), 7.20 (t, *J*=7.2 Hz, 2H, ArH2" and ArH7"), 6.42 (d, *J*=7.6 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.34 (s, 1H, NH), 6.20 (br s, 1H, NH), 5.60–5.69 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.02 (d, *J*=18.1 Hz, 1H, H3_a'), 4.97 (d, *J*=10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b'), 4.53 (dd, *J*=7.6, 13.1 Hz, 1H, H2), 4.26 (d, *J*=7.2 Hz, 3H, H5 and

9"-CH₂), 4.06 (t, *J*=7.2 Hz, 1H, H9"), 3.63 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.23 (br s, 2H, H8), 2.57 (s, 3H, 7"-CH₃), 2.54 (s, 3H, 5"'-CH₃), 2.41–2.51 (m, 4H, H1' and H4""), 2.07 (s, 3H, 8"'-CH₃), 1.86–1.94 (m, 2H, H6), 1.70 (t, *J*=6.7 Hz, 2H, H3"'), 1.54–1.62 (m, 2H, H7), 1.23 (s, 6H, 2×2^{m} -CH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.0, C4; 171.8, C1; 156.2, ArC6""; 153.2, 5-NCO₂; 143.6, CN₃; 143.5, ArC8a""; 141.0, ArC8a" and ArC9a"; 135.3, ArC4a" and ArC4b"; 134.7, ArC7""; 133.1, ArC5""; 132.3, C2'; 127.5, ArC3" and ArC6"; 126.9, ArC2" and ArC7"; 125.0, ArC4" and ArC5"; 123.9, ArC8""; 119.7, ArC1" and ArC8"; 118.8, C3'; 117.8, ArC4a; 73.5, C2""; 67.2, 9"-CH₂; 52.3, C5; 52.2, C2; 51.9, OCH₃; 47.0, C9"; 40.5, C8; 35.9, C1'; 32.7, C3""; 30.0, C6; 26.7, C2"'-CH₃; 25.5, C7; 21.4, 5"'-CH₃; 18.6, 7"''-CH₃; 17.6, C4"''; 12.1, 8"'-CH₃. MS (ESI, +ve) *m/z* 774 (12%) [MH⁺], 130 (100%) [allyIGly]. HRMS calcd for C₄₁H₅₂N₅O₈S 774.3537, found 774.3536.

5.6. Synthesis of deprotected dipeptides (8, 27-31)

5.6.1. Methyl (2S,5R)-2-allyl-5-amino-3-aza-9-(tert-butoxy-carboxamido)-4-oxononanoate (**8**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general *N*-Fmoc deprotection procedure (Procedure C), from **7** (715 mg, 1.23 mmol) to yield **8** (436 mg, 1.22 mmol, 99%) as a cream oil, and was spectroscopically identical to that reported in the literature.⁹

5.6.2. Methyl (2S,5S)-2-allyl-5-amino-3-aza-9-(tert-

butoxycarboxamido)-4-oxononanoate (27)

The title compound was synthesized using the general *N*-Fmoc deprotection procedure (Procedure C), from **22** (1.27 g, 2.19 mmol) to yield **27** (778 mg, 2.18 mmol, 100%) as a cream oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.81 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 5.85–5.45 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.15–5.02 (m, 2H, H3'), 4.76 (br s, 1H, NH), 4.60–4.50 (m, 1H, H2), 3.75 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.39 (dd, *J*=4.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H, H5), 3.12 (d, *J*=6.3 Hz, 2H, H9), 2.65–2.42 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.85–1.45 (m, 8H, H6, H7, H8 and NH₂), 1.44 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 174.8, C4; 172.1, C1; 156.0, NCO₂; 132.2, C2'; 118.9, C3'; 78.9, C(CH₃)₃; 54.8, C5; 52.2, C2; 51.1, OCH₃; 40.0, C9; 36.4, C1'; 34.4, C6; 29.7, C8; 28.3, C(CH₃)₃; 22.6, C7. MS (ESI, +ve) *m/z* 358.5 (85%) [MH⁺], 258.4 (100%) [MH⁺–(Boc)]. HRMS calcd for C₁₇H₃₂N₃O₅ 358.2342, found 358.2339.

5.6.3. Methyl (2S,5R)-2-allyl-5-amino-3-aza-8-[(2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl)guanidino]-4oxooctanoate (**28**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general *N*-Fmoc deprotection procedure (Procedure C), from **23** (717 mg, 0.93 mmol) to yield **28** (407 mg, 0.74 mmol, 80%) as a cream oil, and was spectroscopically identical to that reported in the literature.¹¹

5.6.4. Methyl (2S,5S)-2-allyl-5-amino-3-aza-8-[(2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl)guanidino]-4oxooctanoate (**29**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general *N*-Fmoc deprotection procedure (Procedure C), from **24** (749 mg, 0.97 mmol) to yield **29** (259 mg, 0.47 mmol, 48%) as a cream oil, $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –12.2 (*c* 0.013, MeOH), which was spectroscopically identical to that reported.¹¹

5.6.5. Methyl (2R,5R)-2-allyl-5-amino-3-aza-8-[(2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl)guanidino]-4oxooctanoate (**30**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general *N*-Fmoc deprotection procedure (Procedure C), from **25** (693 mg, 0.900 mmol) to yield **30** (387 mg, 0.0700 mmol, 78%) as a cream oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.87 (d, *J*=7.5 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.35 (br s, 3H, NH), 5.75–5.61 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.09 (d, *J*=16.2 Hz, 1H, H3_a'), 5.09 (d, *J*=12.0 Hz, 1H, H3_b'), 4.56–4.50 (m, 1H, H2), 3.72 (s, 3H, OCH₃),

3.43–3.40 (m 1H, H5), 3.19 (d, J=5.4 Hz, 2H, H8), 2.56 (s, 3H, 7"-CH₃), 2.54 (s, 3H, 5"-CH₃), 2.66–2.50 (m, 2H, H1'), 2.10 (s, 3H, 8"-CH₃), 2.05 (br s, 2H, H7), 1.80 (t, J=6.3 Hz, 2H, H2"), 1.58–1.56 (m, 2H, H6), 1.30 (s, 6H, 2×2"-CH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 175.2, C4; 172.0, C1; 156.1, ArC6"; 153.4, CN₃; 135.3, ArC7"; 134.6, ArC5"; 133.2, ArC8a"; 132.2, C2'; 123.9, ArC8"; 118.9, C3'; 117.8, ArC4a; 73.6, C2"; 54.2, C5; 52.4, OCH₃; 51.6, C2; 40.6, C8; 36.2, C1'; 32.8, C4"; 32.0, C6; 26.8, 2"-CH₃; 25.3, C7; 21.5, C3"; 18.6, 5"-CH₃; 17.5, 7"-CH₃; 12.2, 8"-CH₃. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 552.1 (40%) [MH⁺], 243.0 (100%) [MH⁺ less allylGly]. HRMS calcd for C₂₆H₄₂N₅O₆S 552.2856, found 552.2829.

5.6.6. Methyl (2R,5S)-2-allyl-5-amino-3-aza-8-[(2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl)guanidino]-4oxooctanoate (**31**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general N-Fmoc deprotection procedure (Procedure C), from 26 (788 mg, 1.01 mmol) to yield **31** (552 mg, 1.00 mmol, 99%) as a cream oil. $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +11.6 (*c* 0.017, MeOH). IR (neat) v_{max} 1672, 1543, 1445, 1238, 1166, 1109. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.86 (d, *J*=7.5 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.33 (br s, 3H, NH), 5.74–5.60 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.12 (d, J=16.8 Hz, 1H, $H3_{a}'$), 5.11 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H, $H3_{b}'$), 4.53 (dd, J=7.2, 12.9 Hz, 1H, H2), 3.71 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.41 (d, *J*=7.2 Hz, 1H, H5), 3.23–3.15 (m, 2H, H8), 2.64-2.43 (m, 2H, H1'), 2.57 (s, 3H, 7"-CH₃), 2.55 (s, 3H, 5"-CH₃), 2.10 (s, 3H, 8"-CH₃), 1.82-1.71 (m, 4H, H7 and H3"), 1.63-1.52 (m, 2H, H6), 1.30 (s, 6H, 2×2"-CH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 175.2, C4: 172.0, C1; 156.1, ArC6"; 153.3, CN₃; 135.3, ArC7"; 134.6, ArC5"; 133.2, ArC8a"; 132.2, C2'; 123.9, ArC8"; 119.0, C3'; 117.8, ArC4a"; 73.6, C2"; 54.2, C5; 52.3, OCH₃; 51.5, C2; 40.7, C8; 36.1, C1'; 32.8, C4"; 31.9, C6; 26.8, 2"-CH₃; 25.2, C7; 21.5, C3"; 18.5, 5"-CH₃; 17.5, 7"-CH₃; 12.2, 8"-CH₃. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 552.1 (50%) [MH⁺], 162.7 (100%). HRMS calcd for C₂₆H₄₂N₅O₆S 552.2856, found 552.2834.

5.7. Synthesis of protected tripeptides (9, 32-37)

5.7.1. Methyl (2S,5R,8S)-2-allyl-8-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3,6,9-triaza-5-(4-[tert-butoxycarboxamido]butyl)-4,7,10-trioxoundecanoate (**9**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general peptide coupling procedure (Procedure B), from 8 (440 mg, 1.20 mmol) and 14 (270 mg, 1.03 mmol) to afford 9 (424 mg, 0.70 mmol, 69%) as a white solid. Mp 149–150 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.20 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.11 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH2" and ArH6"), 6.84 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH3" and ArH5"), 6.67 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.48 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.10–5.96 (m, 1H, H2""), 5.72–5.61 (m, 1H, H2′), 5.41 (dd, *J*=1.3, 17.3 Hz, 1H, H3_a^{′′′′}), 5.28 (dd, *J*=1.3, 10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b^{///}), 5.11–5.07 (m, 2H, H3'), 4.75 (t, *J*=5.9 Hz, 1H, H2), 4.66–4.53 (m, 1H, H8), 4.50 (d, *J*=5.5 Hz, 2H, H1^{""}), 4.42 (dd, *J*=7.6, 13.1 Hz, 1H, H5), 3.71 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.06-2.96 (m, 4H, H4" and ArCH₂), 2.61-2.43 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.97 (s, 3H, H11), 1.44 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃), 1.42-1.32 (m, 6H, H1", H2" and H3"). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.0, C7; 171.1, C1; 170.7, C4; 170.2, C10; 157.4, NCO2; 155.9, ArC4"; 133.0, C2'; 132.3, C2""; 130.1, ArCH2" and ArCH6"; 128.4, ArC1"; 118.8, C3'; 117.6, C3""; 114.8, ArCH3" and ArCH5"; 79.0, C(CH₃)₃; 68.8, C1""; 55.4, C5; 52.8, OCH₃; 52.4, C8; 51.8, C2; 40.1, C4"; 37.5, ArCH₂; 36.3, C1'; 31.6, C1"; 29.7, C3"; 28.5, C(CH₃)₃; 23.1, C11; 22.3, C2". MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 603.4 (40%) [MH⁺], 503.4 (100%) [MH⁺-(Boc)]. HRMS calcd for C₃₁H₄₇N₄O₈ 603.3394, found 603.3389.

5.7.2. Methyl (2S,5S,8S)-2-allyl-8-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3,6,9-triaza-5-(4-[tert-butoxycarboxamido]butyl)-4,7,10-

trioxoundecanoate (**32**)

To a solution of **27** (782 mg, 2.19 mmol) and **14** (576 mg, 2.19 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added EDCI (420 mg, 2.19 mmol) and a catalytic quantity of DMAP. The resulting mixture was allowed to stir at rt for 16 h. The reaction was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL) and the organic layer was washed with brine (2×25 mL)

and water $(2 \times 25 \text{ mL})$ and dried, before being concentrated by evaporation. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (25:1, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH) to afford the title compound (664 mg, 1.10 mmol, 50%) as a 1:1 mixture of two epimers, as a white solid. Mp 112–114 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.09 (m, 2H, ArH2^{*m*} and ArH6^{*m*}), 6.91 (d, J=8 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.88–6.79 (m, 2H, ArH3^{*m*} and ArH5^{*m*}), 6.69 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.55 (br s, 1H, NH). 6.10-5.97 (m, 1H, H1""), 5.77-5.60 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.42-5.24 (m, 4H, H3' and H3""), 4.96 (br s, 1H, H2), 4.86 (br s, 1H, H8), 4.80-4.60 (m, 2H, H2^m), 4.48 (dd, J=3.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H, H5), 3.74/3.71 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.12-2.92 (m, 4H, H4" and ArCH2), 2.57-2.44 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.98/1.96 (s, 3H, H11), 1.79 (s, 2H, H2"), 1.60 (s, 2H, H1"), 1.43 (s, 9H, C(CH3)3), 1.28 (s, 2H, H3"). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 171.8, C7; 171.7, C1; 171.4/171.2, C4; 170.3, C10; 157.3/157.2, NCO₂; 155.9, ArC4^{'''}; 133.1/ 133.0, C2'; 130.2/130.1, ArCH2" and ArCH6"; 128.8/128.7, ArC1"; 118.6, C3'; 117.5/117.4, C3""; 114.4/114.3, ArCH3" and ArCH5"; 78.6, C(CH₃)₃; 68.5, C1qprime;; 54.0, C5; 52.4, OCH₃; 52.1, C8; 52.1, C2; 39.9, C4"; 38.0, ArCH₂; 35.8, C1'; 32.7/32.2, C1"; 29.6/29.3, C3"; 28.3, C(CH₃)₃; 22.9/22.7, C11; 22.3/22.0, C2". MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 603.4 (35%) [MH⁺], 503.4 (100%) [MH⁺ (less Boc)]. HRMS calcd for C₃₁H₄₇N₄O₈ 603.3394, found 603.3397.

5.7.3. Methyl (2S,5R,8S)-2-allyl-8-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3,6,9-triaza-5-([{2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl}guanidino]propyl)-4,7,10-trioxoundecanoate (**33**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general peptide coupling procedure (Procedure B) using 28 (387 mg, 0.70 mmol) and 14 (153 mg, 0.58 mmol) to afford 33 (336 mg, 0.42 mmol, 73%) as a light brown solid. IR (neat) v_{max} 1653, 1636, 1539, 1508, 1241, 1107. Mp 172–176 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ 7.75 (d, *J*=7.5 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.11 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 2H, ArH2"" and ArH6""), 6.78 (d, *I*=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH3^{*m*} and ArH5^{*m*}), 6.36 (br s, 2H, NH), 6.18 (br s, 1H, NH), 6.05-5.92 (m, 1H, H2""'), 5.76-5.62 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.36 (dd, *J*=1.5, 17.4 Hz, 1H, H3_a^{""'}), 5.24 (dd, *J*=1.5, 10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b^{""'}), 5.08 $(d, J=15.6 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, \text{H3}_{a'}), 5.04 (d, J=8.4 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, \text{H3}_{b'}), 4.52-4.44 (m, M)$ 2H, H2 and H5), 4.42 (d, *J*=4.8 Hz, 1H, H1^{""}), 4.38–4.28 (m, 1H, H8); 3.69 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.14–3.00 (m, 2H, H3"), 3.01–2.85 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 2.63 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 2H, H4^{""}), 2.59 (s, 3H, 7^{""}-CH₃), 2.57 (s, 3H, 5^m-CH₃), 2.65-2.45 (m, 2H, H1[']), 2.09 (s, 3H, 8^m-CH₃), 1.93 (s, 3H, H11), 1.80 (t, J=6.6 Hz, 2H, H3"), 1.56–1.48 (m, 4H, H1" and H2"), 1.30 (s, 6H, 2×2^{m} -CH₃). ¹³C NMR (DMSO, 75 MHz): δ 171.3, C4; 170.9, C1; 171.0, C11; 169.1, C7; 156.5, ArC6"; 155.6, ArC8a"; 152.4, CN₃; 134.5, ArC7"; 133.9, ArC5"; 133.3, C2""'; 132.5, C2'; 132.2, ArC4""; 129.5, ArCH2"" and ArCH6""; 128.3, ArC8"; 122.9, ArC1""; 117.6, ArC4a"; 117.0, C3""'; 116.8, C3'; 113.9, ArCH3"" and ArCH5""; 72.9, C2"; 68.0, C""'; 55.1, C2; 51.9, C5; 51.9, OCH₃; 51.5, C8; 40.3, C3"; 38.6, ArCH₂; 36.2, C4" ; 35.2, C1'; 32.2, C7; 26.2, 2" -CH₃; 25.1, C6; 22.3, C11; 20.8, C3^{'''}; 18.0, 5^{'''}-CH₃; 16.9, 7^{'''}-CH₃; 11.6, 8^{'''}-CH₃. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 797 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₄₀H₅₇N₆O₉S 797.3908, found 797.3913.

5.7.4. Methyl (2S,5S,8S)-2-allyl-8-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3,6,9-triaza-5-([{2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl}guanidino]propyl)-4,7,10-trioxoundecanoate (**34**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general peptide coupling procedure (Procedure B), from **29** (236 mg, 0.43 mmol) and **14** (95 mg, 0.36 mmol) to afford **34** (207 mg, 0.25 mmol, 72%) as a light brown solid. $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ +27.8 (*c* 0.007, MeOH). IR (neat) ν_{max} 1653, 1541, 1512, 1244, 1109. Mp 99–104 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ 7.77 (d, *J*=7.8 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.69 (br s, 1H, NH), 7.14 (d, *J*=7.5 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.04 (d, *J*=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH2^{mm} and ArH6^{mm}), 6.74 (d, *J*=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH2^{mm}), 5.75 (dd, *J*=1.5, 17.4 Hz, 1H, H3^{mm'}), 5.25 (dd, *J*=1.5, 10.5 Hz, 1H, H3^{mm'}), 5.07 (d, *J*=15.3 Hz, 1H, H3^{mm'}), 5.03 (d, *J*=9.3 Hz, 1H, H3^b/₂), 4.78–4.71 (m, 1H, H2), 4.64 (br s, 1H, H5), 4.56 (dd, *J*=6.9, 13.5 Hz, 2H, H8), 4.44 (d, *J*=5.4 Hz, 2H,

H1 ""'), 3.68 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.17 (d, *J*=4.5 Hz, 2H, H3"), 3.17–2.79 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 2.59 (t, *J*=6.3 Hz, 2H, H4"''), 2.55 (s, 3H, 7"'-CH₃), 2.53 (s, 3H, 5"'-CH₃), 2.62–2.43 (m, 2H, H1'), 2.08 (s, 3H, 8"'-CH₃), 1.88 (s, 3H, H11), 1.78 (t, *J*=6.3 Hz, 2H, H3"''), 1.80–1.72 (m, 2H, H7), 1.61–1.50 (m, 2H, H6), 1.29 (s, 6H, $2 \times 2^{"'}$ -CH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.0, C4; 171.8, C1; 171.5, C11; 171.0, C7; 157.2, ArC6"''; 156.2, ArC8a'''; 153.4, CN₃; 135.2, ArC7"'; 134.6, ArC5"''; 133.1, C2'''; 133.1, C2''; 132.3, ArC4'''; 130.1, ArCH2'''' and ArCH6'''; 128.6, ArC8'''; 123.9, ArC1''''; 118.6, ArC4a'''; 117.8, C3''''; 117.4, C3'; 114.5, ArCH3'''' and ArCH5''''; 52.2, C8; 40.7, C3''; 37.2, ArCH₂; 36.0, C4'''; 32.8, C1'; 29.7, C7; 26.8, 2'''-CH₃; 25.3, C6; 22.9, C11; 21.5, C3'''; 18.6, 5'''-CH₃; 17.6, 7'''-CH₃; 12.2, 8'''-CH₃. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 797 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₄₀H₅₇N₆O₉S 797.3908, found 797.3890.

5.7.5. Methyl (2R,5R,8S)-2-allyl-8-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3,6,9-triaza-5-([{2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl}guanidino]propyl)-4,7,10-trioxoundecanoate (**35**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general peptide coupling procedure (Procedure B) using **30** (387 mg, 0.700 mmol) and 14 (153 mg, 0.580 mmol) to afford 35 (297 mg, 0.37 mmol, 64%) as a light brown solid. $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +0.96 (*c* 0.011, acetone). IR (neat) ν_{max} 1645, 1540, 1514, 1245, 1110, 804. Mp 217–220 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ 7.22 (br s, 1H, NH), 7.10 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH2"" and ArH6""), 6.88 (br s, 1H, NH), 6.82 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 2H, ArH3"" and ArH5^{""}), 6.31 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.17 (br s, 1H, NH), 6.04–5.97 (m, 1H, H2^{""'}), 5.73–5.65 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.38 (d, *J*=17.0 Hz, 1H, H3_a""'), 5.26 (d, *J*=10 Hz, 1H, H3_b^{""'}), 5.11 (d, *J*=17.0 Hz, 1H, H3_a'), 5.08 (d, *I*=10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b'), 4.58–4.54 (m, 1H, H2), 4.53–4.47 (m, 3H, H5 and H1^{""'}), 4.43 (d, *J*=7.5 Hz, 1H, H8), 3.71 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.15 (br s, 2H, H3"), 3.04-2.97 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 2.63 (t, J=6.5 Hz, 2H, H4""), 2.59 (s, 3H, 7^m-CH₃), 2.57 (s, 3H, 5^m-CH₃), 2.55-2.50 (m, 2H, H1[']), 2.11 (s, 3H, 8^m-CH₃), 1.97 (s, 3H, H11), 1.80 (t, J=6.5 Hz, 2H, H3^m), 1.58 (s, 6H, $2 \times 2^{\prime\prime\prime}$ -CH₃), 1.30 (s, 4H, H1^{\prime\prime} and H2^{\prime\prime}). ¹³C NMR (DMSO, 75 MHz): δ 171.3, C4; 171.1, C1; 171.0, C11; 169.1, C7; 156.5, ArC6"; 155.7, ArC8a^m; 152.1, CN₃; 135.4, ArC7^m; 133.9, ArC5^m; 133.7, C2^{mm}; 133.3, C2'; 130.0, ArC4""; 129.5, ArCH2"" and ArCH6""; 129.4, ArC8"; 122.5, ArC1""; 117.8, ArC4a"; 117.6, C3""'; 117.1, C3'; 114.0, ArCH3"" and ArCH5""; 73.4, C2"; 68.0, C""'; 54.4, C2; 51.9, C5; 51.7, OCH₃; 51.6, C8; 36.9, C3"; 35.0, ArCH₂; 32.1, C4"'; 29.3, C1'; 26.5, C7; 26.4, 2^{*m*}-CH₃; 25.1, C6; 22.4, C11; 20.8, C3^{*m*}; 18.2, 5^{*m*}-CH₃; 17.1, 7^{*m*}-CH₃; 12.0, 8^{*m*}-CH₃. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 797.4 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₄₀H₅₇N₆O₉S 797.3908, found 797.3915.

5.7.6. Methyl (2R,55,8S)-2-allyl-8-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3,6,9-triaza-5-([{2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl}guanidino]propyl)-4,7,10-trioxoundecanoate (**36**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general peptide coupling procedure (Procedure B), from **31** (513 mg, 0.930 mmol) and 14 (204 mg, 0.78 mmol) to afford 36 (496 mg, 0.622 mmol, 80%) as a light brown solid. $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +21.6 (*c* 0.007, MeOH). IR (neat) *v*_{max} 1653, 1558, 1541, 1508, 1248, 1109. Mp 98−102 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ 7.71 (d, *J*=7.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.40 (d, *J*=7.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.06 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 2H, ArH2^m and ArH6^m), 6.99 (br s, 1H, NH), 6.76 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H, ArH3"" and ArH5""), 6.38 (br s, 2H, NH), 6.20 (br s, 1H, NH), 6.05–5.98 (m, 1H, H2 ""'), 5.73–5.65 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.38 (dd, *J*=1.5, 17.0 Hz, 1H, H3^{m''}), 5.25 (dd, *J*=1.0, 11.0 Hz, 1H, H3^{m''}), 5.09 (d, *J*=17.5 Hz, 1H, H3[']a'), 5.06 (d, *J*=10.5 Hz, 1H, H3[']b'), 4.68–4.64 (m, 1H, H2), 4.57–4.52 (m, 2H, H5 and H8), 4.45 (d, J=5.5 Hz, 2H, H1""'), 3.67 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.20 (d, J=4.5 Hz, 2H, H3"), 3.13–2.81 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 2.61 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H, H4"'), 2.57 (s, 3H, 7" -CH₃), 2.55 (s, 3H, 5^m-CH₃), 2.50-2.45 (m, 2H, H1'), 2.09 (s, 3H, 8^m-CH₃), 1.88 (s, 3H, H11), 1.79 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H, H3"'), 1.75-1.73 (m, 2H, H7), 1.60-1.52 (m, 2H, H6), 1.30 (s, 6H, 2×2^{*m*} -CH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.2, C4; 171.9, C1; 171.3, C11; 170.9, C7; 157.3, ArC6"; 156.2, ArC8a"'; 153.5, CN3; 135.3, ArC7"; 134.7, ArC5"; 133.2, C2""'; 133.1, C2'; 132.4, ArC4'''; 130.0, ArCH2''' and ArCH6'''; 128.7, ArC8'''; 124.0, ArC1'''; 118.8, ArC4a'''; 117.9, C3''''; 117.4, C3'; 114.1, ArCH3''' and ArCH5'''; 73.6, C2'''; 68.7, C1'''' 55.3, C2; 52.9, C5; 52.3, OCH3; 52.2, C8; 40.7, C3''; 37.0, ArCH₂; 36.1, C4'''; 32.8, C1'; 29.3, C7; 26.8, 2'''-CH₃; 25.3, C6; 22.9, C11; 21.5, C3'''; 18.6, 5'''-CH₃; 17.6, 7'''-CH₃; 12.2, 8'''-CH₃. MS (ESI, +ve) *m/z* 819 (100%) [MNa⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₄₀H₅₇N₆O₉S 797.3908, found 797.3873.

5.7.7. Methyl (2S,5S,8R)-2-allyl-8-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3,6,9-triaza-5-([{2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl}guanidino]propyl)-4,7,10-trioxoundecanoate (**37**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general peptide coupling procedure (Procedure B), from 29 (654 mg, 1.19 mmol) and 19 (260 mg, 0.99 mmol) to afford 37 (683 mg, 0.86 mmol, 87%) as a light brown solid. Mp 200–204 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.10 (d, *I*=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH2^{*m*} and ArH6^{*m*}), 6.90 (d, *I*=4.8 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.57 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH3"" and ArH5""), 6.34 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.19 (br s, 2H, NH), 6.08-5.94 (m, 1H, H2""'), 5.79-5.60 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.37 (dd, *J*=1.8, 17.1 Hz, 1H, H3¹/_a¹/_a'), 5.26 (dd, *J*=1.8, 10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b^{""'}), 5.11 (d, *J*=12.0 Hz, 1H, H3_a'), 5.03 (d, *J*=10.0 Hz, 1H, H3b'), 4.57–4.42 (m, 5H, H2, H5, H8 and H1""'), 3.70 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.20-3.10 (m, 2H, H3"), 3.01-2.98 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 2.63 (t, J=6.3 Hz, 2H, H4""), 2.59 (s, 3H, 7" - CH₃), 2.57 (s, 3H, 5" - CH₃), 2.65-2.53 (m, 2H, H1'), 2.11 (s, 3H, 8" -CH₃), 1.96 (s, 3H, H11), 1.80 (t, J=6.3 Hz, 2H, H3""), 1.60–1.48 (m, 2H, H6), 1.30 (s, 6H, 2×2" -CH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 171.6, C4; 171.5, C1; 171.3, C11; 169.4, C7; 156.7, ArC6"; 156.0, ArC8a"; 152.4, CN3; 134.6, ArC7"; 134.1, ArC5"; 133.8, C2""''; 133.7, C2'; 133.6, ArC4"''; 130.2, ArCH2"" and ArCH6""; 129.7, ArC8"; 122.7, ArC1""; 118.0, ArC4a"; 117.7, C3""'; 117.2, C3'; 114.1, ArCH3"" and ArCH5""; 73.4, C2"; 68.0, C1""'; 54.5, C2; 52.0, C5; 51.7, OCH₃; 51.6, C8; 40.1, C3"; 39.8, ArCH₂; 37.0, C4"; 32.1, C1'; 29.2, C7; 26.4, 2^{*m*}-CH₃; 25.1, C6; 22.4, C11; 20.8, C3^{*m*}; 18.2, 5^{*m*}-CH₃; 17.1, 7^{*m*}-CH₃; 11.9, 8^{*m*}-CH₃. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 797 (40%) [MH⁺], 106 (100%). HRMS calcd for C₄₀H₅₇N₆O₉S 797.3908, found 797.3926.

5.8. Synthesis of protected cyclic tripeptides (10, 38-43)

5.8.1. (7S,10R,13S,4E/Z)-13-Acetamido-8,11-diaza-10-(4-[tertbutoxycarboxamido]butyl)-7-methoxycarbonyl-2-oxa-9,12dioxo-1(1,4)phenylenacyclotetradecaphane-4-ene (**10**)

The title compound was prepared using the general procedure for olefin metathesis (Procedure D), from 9 (277 mg, 0.46 mmol) to yield 10 (199 mg, 0.35 mmol, 75%) as a brown solid. Mp 178-180 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 8.13–7.72 (m, 2H, NH), 7.13–7.03 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.90-6.65 (m, 2H, ArH), 5.87-5.39 (m, 2H, H4 and H5), 4.65-4.36 (m, 4H, H7, H13 and H3), 4.20-4.06 (m, 2H, NH and H10), 3.61-3.57 (m, 3H, OCH₃), 2.87-2.69 (br s, 4H, H4' and H14), 2.58-2.38 (m, 2H, H6), 1.82-1.75 (m, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.31-0.79 (m, 6H, H1', H2' and H3'), 1.35 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.8, C9; 172.3, 7-CO; 171.7, 13-NCO; 171.6, C12; 157.2, NCO₂; 156.5, 1-ArC1; 130.3, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 130.2, C4; 128.6, C5; 127.6, 1-ArCH4; 117.7, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 78.7, C(CH₃)₃; 66.9, C3; 55.7, C13; 54.4, C10; 54.1, C4'; 51.8, C4'; 40.1, C7; 36.0, C14; 29.4, C1'; 27.8, C6; 26.8, C3'; 26.2, C(CH₃)₃; 22.6, NCOCH₃; 21.7, C2'. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 575.3 (20%) [MH⁺], 475.3 (100%) [MH⁺–(Boc)]. HRMS calcd for C₂₉H₄₃N₄O₈ 575.3081, found 575.3091.

5.8.2. (75,105,135,4E/Z)-13-Acetamido-8,11-diaza-10-(4-[tertbutoxycarboxamido]butyl)-7-methoxycarbonyl-2-oxa-9,12dioxo-1(1,4)phenylenacyclotetradecaphane-4-ene (**38**)

The title compound was prepared using the general procedure for olefin metathesis (Procedure D) using **32** (311 mg, 0.52 mmol) to yield **38** as a mixture of epimers and *E/Z* isomers (228 mg, 0.40 mmol, 76%) as a brown solid. Mp 196–201 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.62–7.46 (m, 2H, NH), 7.34 (br s, 1H, NH), 7.11–7.01 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.81/6.73 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 5.66 (d, *J*=16.4 Hz,

1H, H4-*trans*), 5.57–5.36 (m, 1H, H5), 5.52–4.84 (m, 2H, H7 and H13), 4.76–4.56 (m, 3H, H2 and H10), 3.80/3.77 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.15–2.98 (m, 4H, H6 and H4'), 2.80–2.58 (m, 2H, H14), 2.10 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.50–1.19 (m, 6H, H1', H2' and H3'), 1.44/1.40 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.5, C9; 171.5/171.3, 7-C0; 170.8/170.7, 13-NCO; 170.0, C12; 156.9, NCO₂; 156.3, 1-ArC1; 130.1, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 128.5, C4; 128.1, C5; 127.7, 1-ArCH4; 117.0/ 115.4, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 79.1, C(CH₃)₃; 66.2, C3; 55.0, C13; 53.2/53.0, C10; 52.4, C4'; 40.5/39.7, C7; 35.9/35.1, C14; 29.8/29.4, C1'; 28.6, C6; 27.2/27.0, C3'; 26.6, C(CH₃)₃; 23.7/23.4, NCOCH₃; 22.7, C2'. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 575.3 (25%) [MH⁺], 475.3 (40%) [MH⁺–(Boc)]. HRMS calcd for C₂₉H₄₃N₄O₈ 575.3081, found 575.3092.

5.8.3. (75,10R,13S,4E/Z)-13-Acetamido-8,11-diaza-10-(3[{2,2,5,7,8pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl}guanidino]propyl)-7-methoxycarbonyl-2-oxa-9,12-dioxo-1(1,4)phenylenacyclotetradecaphane-4-ene (**39**)

The title compound was prepared using the general procedure for olefin metathesis (Procedure D), from 33 (104 mg, 0.13 mmol) to yield **39** (103 mg, 0.13 mmol, 100%) as a grey solid. Mp 172-175 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.18–6.98 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.88–6.62 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.37 (br s, 1H, NH), 5.88–5.35 (m, H4 and H5), 4.95–4.62 (m, 2H, H3), 4.62–4.22 (m, 3H, H7, H10 and H13), 3.63 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.22-2.80 (m, 4H, H3' and H6), 2.70-2.22 (m, 10H, H14, 7"-CH₃, 5"-CH₃ and H4"), 2.06 (s, 3H, 8"-CH₃), 1.90 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.95-1.76 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.70–1.30 (m, 2H, H3"), 1.27 (s, 6H, $2 \times 2^{"}$ -CH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.0, COOCH₃; 171.2, C11; 170.5, C9; 170.3, NCOCH₃; 157.1, ArC6"; 156.2, CN₃; 155.4, 1-ArC4; 153.3, ArC8a"; 135.2, ArC5"; 134.6, ArC7"; 133.3, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 130.2, 1-ArC1; 128.4, C4; 128.3, C5; 123.9, ArC8"; 117.8, ArC4a"; 114.7, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 73.6, C2"; 67.7, C3; 65.9, C7; 56.2, C10; 52.5, C13; 52.2, C3'; 51.7, OCH₃; 40.1, C6; 34.9, C14; 32.8, NCOCH₃; 26.8, 2"-CH₃; 21.5, C3"; 18.6, C4"; 17.6, 5"-CH₃; 17.2, 7"-CH₃; 15.2, C2'; 12.2, 8"-CH₃. MS (ESI, -ve) *m*/*z* 767 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₃₈H₅₃N₆O₉S 769.3595, found 769.3558.

5.8.4. (75,105,135,4*E*/*Z*)-13-Acetamido-8,11-diaza-10-(3-[{2,2,5,7,8pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl}guanidino]propyl)-7-methoxycarbonyl-2-oxa-9,12-dioxo-1(1,4)phenylenacyclotetradecaphane-4-ene (**40**)

The title compound was prepared using the general procedure for olefin metathesis (Procedure D), from 34 (127 mg, 0.16 mmol) to yield 40 (117 mg, 0.15 mmol, 95%) as a grey solid. Mp 224–228 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.18–6.82 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.77–6.60 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.41 (br s, 1H, NH), 5.77-5.53 (m, H4 and H5), 4.68-4.46 (br s, 5H, H3, H7, H10 and H13), 3.67 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.30-3.05 (m, 2H, H3'), 2.70-2.40 (m, 10H, H14, 7"-CH₃, 5"-CH₃ and H4"), 2.08 (s, 3H, 8"-CH₃), 1.78 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.65-1.30 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.40-1.21 (m, 2H, H3"), 1.30 (s, 6H, $2 \times 2^{"}$ -CH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.0, COOCH₃; 171.2, C11; 170.6, C9; 170.2, NCOCH₃; 156.3, ArC6"; 156.2, CN₃; 155.4, 1-ArC4; 153.3, ArC8a"; 135.3, ArC5"; 134.7, ArC7"; 130.4, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 129.7, 1-ArC1; 128.4, C4; 127.7, C5; 123.9, ArC8"; 117.8, ArC4a"; 115.2, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 73.6, C2"; 67.7, C3; 65.9, C7; 56.2, C10; 52.6, C13; 52.2, C3'; 51.7, OCH₃; 40.1, C6; 34.9, C14; 33.6, NCOCH₃; 26.8, 2"-CH₃; 21.5, C3"; 18.7, C4"; 17.6, 5"-CH₃; 17.2, 7"-CH₃; 15.2, C2'; 12.2, 8"-CH₃. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 769 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for $C_{38}H_{53}N_6O_9S$ 769.3595, found 769.3574.

5.8.5. (7R,10R,13S,4E/Z)-13-Acetamido-8,11-diaza-10-(3-imino-[{2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl}guanidino]propyl)-7-methoxycarbonyl-2-oxa-9,12-dioxo-1(1,4)phenylenacyclotetradecaphane-4-ene (**41**)

The title compound was prepared using the general procedure for olefin metathesis (Procedure D), from **35** (170 mg, 0.210 mmol)

to yield **41** (160 mg, 0.210 mmol, 99%) as a grey solid. Mp 205-207 °C. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 8.10–8.00 (m, 2H, NH), 7.10– 6.95 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.80-6.60 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.48 (br s, 1H, NH), 5.90-5.60 (m, 2H, NH), 5.60-5.30 (m, H4 and H5), 4.62 (br s, 2H, H3), 4.60-4.25 (m, 3H, H7, H10 and H13), 3.66 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.30-2.80 (m, 4H, H3' and H14), 2.70-2.50 (m, 6H, 5"-CH₃ and 7"-CH₃), 2.50-2.30 (m, 2H, H4"), 2.00 (s, 3H, 8"-CH₃), 1.75 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.60–1.40 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.34 (br s, 2H, H3"), 1.27 (s, 6H, 2×2"-CH₃). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 125 MHz): δ 171.8, COOCH₃; 171.7, C11; 171.4, C9; 171.1, NCOCH3; 157.0, ArC6"; 155.9, CN3; 155.5, 1-ArC4; 152.4, ArC8a"; 134.2, ArC5"; 134.0, ArC7"; 130.4, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 129.6, 1-ArC1; 128.7, C4; 127.5, C5; 122.8, ArC8"; 117.7, ArC4a; 114.2, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 73.5, C2"; 66.4, C3; 55.0, C7; 53.3, C10; 52.9, C13; 52.3, C3'; 51.9, OCH₃; 40.6, C6; 37.4, C14; 32.2, NCOCH₃; 26.7, 2"-CH₃; 22.5, C3"; 21.0, C4"; 18.2, 5"-CH₃; 17.2, 7"-CH₃; 15.2, C2'; 12.0, 8"-CH₃. MS (ESI, -ve) *m*/*z* 769.5 (85%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₃₈H₅₃N₆O₉S 769.3595, found 769.3631.

5.8.6. (7R,10S,13S,4E/Z)-13-Acetamido-8,11-diaza-10-(3-imino-[{2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl}guanidino]propyl)-7-methoxycarbonyl-2-oxa-9,12-dioxo-1(1,4)phenylenacyclotetradecaphane-4-ene (**42**)

The title compound was prepared using the general procedure for olefin metathesis (Procedure D), from 36 (262 mg, 0.330 mmol) to yield 42 (217 mg, 0.280 mmol, 86%) as a grey solid. Mp 174-176 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz): δ 8.28–8.09 (m, 2H, NH), 7.11-7.01 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.77-6.72 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.54-6.44 (br s, 1H, NH), 5.72-5.68 (m, 2H, NH), 5.41-5.34 (m, H4 and H5), 4.62 (br s, 2H, H3), 4.52–4.04 (m, 3H, H7, H10 and H13), 3.55 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.06-2.96 (m, 2H, H3'), 2.92-2.67 (m, 2H, H14), 2.60-2.50 (m, 6H, 5"-CH₃ and 7"'-CH₃), 2.35-2.20 (m, 2H, H4"), 2.00 (s, 3H, 8"-CH₃), 1.73 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.67-1.44 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.35 (br s, 2H, H3"), 1.23 (s, 6H, 2×2"-CH₃). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 125 MHz): δ 171.7, COOCH₃; 171.5, C11; 171.3, C9; 171.1, NCOCH₃; 156.6, ArC6"; 155.8, CN₃; 155.4, 1-ArC4; 152.2, ArC8a"; 134.4, ArC5"; 133.9, ArC7"; 130.0, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 129.5, 1-ArC1; 128.8, C4; 127.5, C5; 122.6, ArC8"; 117.6, ArC4a"; 114.1, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 73.4, C2"; 66.4, C3; 54.9, C7; 53.3, C10; 52.6, C13; 52.2, C3'; 51.9, OCH₃; 40.6, C6; 37.2, C14; 32.2, NCOCH₃; 26.5, 2"-CH₃; 22.5, C3"; 20.8, C4"; 18.2, 5"-CH₃; 17.2, 7"-CH₃; 15.2, C2'; 12.0, 8"-CH₃. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 767 (65%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₃₈H₅₃N₆O₉S 769.3595, found 769.3630.

5.8.7. (7R,10S,13R,4E/Z)-13-Acetamido-8,11-diaza-10-(3-[{2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl}guanidino]propyl)-7-methoxycarbonyl-2-oxa-9,12-dioxo-1(1,4)phenylenacyclotetradecaphane-4-ene (**43**)

The title compound was prepared using the general procedure for olefin metathesis (Procedure D), from 37 (366 mg, 0.46 mmol) to yield 43 (307 mg, 0.40 mmol, 87%) as a grey solid. Mp 186–190 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz): δ 8.20–7.85 (m, 3H, NH), 7.15-6.98 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.85-6.60 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.41 (br s, 1H, NH), 6.00-5.60 (m, 1H, H5), 5.60-5.38 (m, 1H, H4), 4.65-4.10 (m, 5H, H3, H7, H10 and H13), 3.69 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.30-3.10 (m, 2H, H3'), 2.90-2.62 (m, 2H, H4"), 2.60-2.50 (m, 8H, H14, 7"-CH₃, and 5"-CH₃), 2.08 (s, 3H, 8"-CH₃), 1.85 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.70-1.60 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.50-1.30 (m, 2H, H3"), 1.26 (s, 6H, 2×2"-CH₃). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 125 MHz): δ 171.8, COOCH₃; 171.6, C11; 170.8, C9; 169.5, NCOCH₃; 156.8, ArC6"; 156.4, CN₃; 156.0, 1-ArC4; 152.4, ArC8a"; 134.6, ArC5"; 134.5, ArC7"; 130.2, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 129.4, 1-ArC1; 128.3, C4; 127.9, C5; 122.7, ArC8"; 117.8, ArC4a; 114.9, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 73.5, C2"; 67.0, C3; 66.9, C7; 54.8, C10; 54.5, C13; 51.9, C3'; 51.8, OCH3; 40.1, C6; 36.8, C14; 32.1, NCOCH₃; 26.5, 2"-CH₃; 22.4, C3"; 20.8, C4"; 18.2, 5"-CH₃; 17.2, 7"-CH₃; 15.2, C2'; 12.0, 8"-CH₃. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 769 (40%) [MH⁺], 106 (100%). HRMS calcd for $C_{38}H_{53}N_6O_9S$ 769.3595, found 769.3600.

5.9. Synthesis of tripeptide hydrochloride salts (11, 44-49)

5.9.1. (7S,10R,13S,4E/Z)-13-Acetamido-10-(4-aminobutyl)-8,11diaza-7-methoxycarbonyl-2-oxa-9,12-dioxo-1(1,4)phenylenacyclotetradecaphane-4-ene hydrochloride (**11**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general *N*-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from **10** (49 mg, 0.084 mmol) to yield **11** (17 mg, 0.033 mmol, 49%) as a highly hygroscopic yellow solid. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.14–7.03 (m, 3H, ArH and NH), 6.85 (br s, 1H, NH), 6.71 (d, *J*=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.03–5.68 (m, 2H, H4 and H5), 4.50–4.02 (m, 5H, H3, H7, H10 and H13), 3.68 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 2.93–2.48 (m, 4H, H6 and H4'), 1.93 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.80–0.83 (m, 6H, H1', H2' and H3'). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 173.5, C9; 173.1, 7-C0; 173.0, 13-NCO; 172.6, C12; 157.7, 1-ArC1; 132.4, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 131.1, C4; 129.6, C5; 129.3, 1-ArC4; 116.8, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 70.0, C3; 57.9, C13; 54.9, C10; 53.5, C4'; 53.0, OCH₃; 40.7, C7; 38.2, C14; 32.1, C1'; 31.7, C6; 28.0, C3'; 23.5, NCOCH₃; 22.6, C2'. MS (ESI, +ve) *m/z* 475.3 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₄H₃₅N₄O₆ 475.2557, found 475.2534.

5.9.2. (75,105,135,4E/Z)-13-Acetamido-10-(4-aminobutyl)-8,11diaza-7-methoxycarbonyl-2-oxa-9,12-dioxo-1(1,4)phenylenacyclotetradecaphane-4-ene hydrochloride (**44**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general N-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A) using 38 (220 mg, 0.380 mmol) to yield 44 as a mixture of epimers and E/Z isomers (152 mg, 0.300 mmol, 79%) as a highly hygroscopic yellow solid. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 8.19 (d, *J*=8.4 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.98/6.92 (d, *I*=8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.74/6.64 (d, *I*=8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 5.57 (d, *I*=16.0 Hz, 2H, H4-*trans*), 5.46–5.35 (m, 1H, H5), 4.56–4.37 (m, 4H, H7, H13 and H2), 4.26-4.19 (m, 1H, H10), 3.93 (br s, 1H, NH), 3.63/ 3.60 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 2.89-2.57 (m, 6H, H6, H4' and H14), 1.99/1.89 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.73-1.58 (m, 2H, H2'), 1.58-1.42 (br s, 2H, H3'), 1.35-1.16 (m, 2H, H1'). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 174.5, C9; 173.3, 7-CO; 173.1, 13-NCO; 172.5, C12; 157.7, 1-ArC1; 131.4, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 131.1, C4; 129.5, C5; 129.1, 1-ArC4; 116.4, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 66.9, C3; 57.7, C13; 53.9, C10; 53.1, C4'; 53.0, OCH₃; 40.5, C7; 38.1, C14; 32.0, C1'; 31.8, C6; 28.0, C3'; 23.5, NCOCH₃; 22.5, C2'. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 475.4 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₄H₃₅N₄O₆ 475.2557, found 475.2581.

5.9.3. (75,10R,13S,4E/Z)-13-Acetamido-8,11-diaza-10-(3-[guanidino]propyl)-7-methoxycarbonyl-2-oxa-9,12-dioxo-1(1,4)phenylenacyclotetradecaphane-4-ene (**45**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general *N*-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from **39** (60 mg, 0.078 mmol) to yield **45** (38 mg, 0.071 mmol, 91%) as a white solid. Mp 218–224 °C. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.14–7.05 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.85–6.68 (m, 2H, ArH), 5.86–5.70 (m, 1H, H5), 5.11–4.95 (m, 1H, H4), 4.68–4.44 (m, 5H, H3, H7, H10 and H13), 3.73–3.69 (m, 3H, OCH₃), 3.30–3.10 (m, 2H, H3'), 3.04–2.94 (m, 2H, H14), 2.81–2.48 (m, 2H, H6), 1.94 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.71–1.91 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.41–1.33 (m, 2H, H2'). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 173.6, COOCH₃; 173.5, C11; 173.1, C9; 172.4, NCOCH₃; 158.4, CN₃; 157.4, 1-ArC4; 131.5, C4; 129.5, C5; 129.1, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 129.0, 1-ArC1; 116.5, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 66.9, C3; 57.5, C7; 56.2, C10; 54.3, C10; 53.6, C3'; 52.5, OCH₃; 42.1, C6; 38.7, C14; 35.3, NCOCH₃; 26.6, C1'; 22.7, C2'. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 503 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₄H₃₅N₆O₆ 503.2618, found 503.2626.

5.9.4. (7S,10S,13S,4E/Z)-13-Acetamido-8,11-diaza-10-(3-[guanidino]propyl)-7-methoxycarbonyl-2-oxa-9,12-dioxo-

1(1,4)phenylenacyclotetradecaphane-4-ene hydrochloride (46)

The title compound was synthesized using the general *N*-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from **40** (91 mg, 0.12 mmol)

to yield **46** as a white solid (38 mg, 0.076 mmol, 59%). Mp 218–220 °C. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.14–7.04 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.85–6.68 (m, 2H, ArH), 5.80–5.65 (m, 1H, H5), 5.55–5.35 (m, 1H, H4), 4.65–4.10 (m, 5H, H3, H7, H10 and H13), 3.68 (br s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.18–3.00 (m, 2H, H3'), 3.00–2.85 (m, 2H, H14), 2.70–2.40 (m, 2H, H6), 1.99 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.80–1.65 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.65–1.40 (m, 2H, H2'). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 173.5, COOCH₃; 173.3, C11; 173.2, C9; 172.2, NCOCH₃; 158.9, CN₃; 157.8, 1–ArC4; 131.5, C4; 129.9, C5; 129.1, 1–ArCH2 and 1–ArCH6; 129.0, 1–ArC1; 116.2, 1–ArCH3 and 1–ArCH5; 66.8, C3; 57.6, C7; 56.0, C10; 54.1, C10; 53.6, C3'; 52.9, OCH₃; 42.0, C6; 38.0, C14; 35.3, NCOCH₃; 26.2, C1'; 22.6, C2'. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 503 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₄H₃₅N₆O₆ 503.2618, found 503.2603.

5.9.5. (7R,10R,13S,4E/Z)-13-Acetamido-8,11-diaza-10-(3-[guanidino]propyl)-7-methoxycarbonyl-2-oxa-9,12-dioxo-1(1,4)phenylenacyclotetradecaphane-4-ene hydrochloride (**47**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general *N*-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from **41** (108 mg, 0.140 mmol) to yield **47** (25 mg, 0.049 mmol, 35%) as a white solid. Mp 170–176 °C. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.14–7.04 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.83–6.70 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.08–5.79 (m, 1H, H5), 5.54–5.45 (m, 1H, H4), 4.66–4.12 (m, 5H, H3, H7, H10 and H13), 3.70–3.68 (m, 3H, OCH₃), 3.13–3.02 (m, 2H, H3'), 3.00–2.85 (m, 2H, H14), 2.57–2.37 (m, 2H, H6), 1.94 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.80–1.45 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.42–1.28 (m, 2H, H2'). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 173.8, COOCH₃; 173.5, C11; 173.2, C9; 172.6, NCOCH₃; 158.4, CN₃; 157.2, 1-ArC4; 131.4, C4; 130.6, C5; 129.7, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 129.3, 1-ArC1; 115.9, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 67.3, C3; 57.2, C7; 54.0, C10; 53.7, C13; 53.2, C3'; 52.9, OCH₃; 42.0, C6; 37.9, C14; 35.2, NCOCH₃; 26.1, C1'; 22.6, C2'. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 503 (35%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₄H₃₅N₆O₆ 503.2618, found 503.2644.

5.9.6. (7R,10S,13S,4E/Z)-13-Acetamido-8,11-diaza-10-(3-[guanidino]propyl)-7-methoxycarbonyl-2-oxa-9,12-dioxo-1(1,4)phenylenacyclotetradecaphane-4-ene hydrochloride (**48**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general N-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from 42 (129 mg, 0.16 mmol) to yield **48** as a white solid (71 mg, 0.14 mmol, 86%). Mp 134–138 °C. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.18–7.04 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.88-6.67 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.00-5.70 (m, 1H, H5), 5.51-5.36 (m, 1H, H4), 4.65-4.26 (m, 5H, H3, H7, H10 and H13), 3.72/3.69 (2×s, 3H, OCH₃, two rotomers 1:3), 3.31-3.29 (m, 2H, H3'), 2.25-2.82 (m, 2H, H14), 2.70-2.40 (m, 2H, H6), 1.94 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.90-1.74 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.69-1.53 (m, 2H, H2'). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 174.0, COOCH₃; 173.6, C11; 173.3, C9; 173.0, NCOCH₃; 158.4, CN3; 157.2, 1-ArC4; 131.3, C4; 130.6, C5; 129.7, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 129.5, 1-ArC1; 115.8, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 67.7, C3; 57.8, C7; 54.9, C10; 54.0, C10; 53.2, C3'; 52.9, OCH₃; 42.0, C6; 37.7, C14; 33.2, NCOCH₃; 26.5, C1'; 22.3, C2'. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 503.4 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₄H₃₅N₆O₆ 503.2618, found 503.2666.

5.9.7. (7S,10S,13R,4E/Z)-13-Acetamido-8,11-diaza-10-(3-[amino{imino}methylamino]propyl)-7-methoxycarbonyl-2-oxa-9,12-dioxo-1(1,4)phenylenacyclotetradecaphane-4-ene (**49**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general *N*-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from **43** (128 mg, 0.17 mmol) to yield **49** as a highly hygroscopic solid (29 mg, 0.058 mmol, 34%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 8.39–8.06 (m, 3H, NH), 7.63 (br s, 1H, NH), 7.16–7.00 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.83–6.64 (m, 2H, ArH), 5.88–5.78 (m, 1H, H5), 5.39–5.08 (m, 1H, H4), 4.67–4.19 (m, 5H, H3, H7, H10 and H13), 3.58 (br s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.15–2.98 (m, 2H, H3'), 2.92–2.60 (m, 2H, H14), 2.59–2.30 (m, 2H, H6), 1.77 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.84–1.66 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.39–1.26 (m, 2H, H2'). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 171.3, COOCH₃; 171.6, C11; 171.3, C9; 169.4,

NCOCH₃; 156.8, CN₃; 155.8, 1-ArC4; 130.2, C4; 128.8, C5; 128.2, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 127.9, 1-ArC1; 114.9, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 67.1, C3; 55.2, C7; 54.7, C10; 52.9, C10; 51.8, C3'; 51.6, OCH₃; 42.0, C6; 36.9, C14; 33.9, NCOCH₃; 29.0, C1'; 22.4, C2'. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 503 (30%) [MH⁺], 102 (100%). HRMS calcd for C₂₄H₃₅N₆O₆ 503.2618, found 503.2638.

5.10. Synthesis of dipeptide hydrochloride salts (Scheme 5, 50–53)

5.10.1. Methyl (2S,5R)-2-allyl-3-aza-5-(9H-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-8-(guanidino)-4-oxooctanoate hydrochloride (**50**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general N-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from **23** (81 mg, 0.105 mmol) giving **50** (43 mg, 0.079 mmol, 75%) as a highly hygroscopic solid. $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ +17.7 (*c* 0.008, MeOH). IR (neat) ν_{max} 1662, 1540, 1210, 1178, 1098, 1030, 1004, 742. Mp 203–208 °C. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.88–7.85 (m, 2H, ArH1" and ArH8"), 7.66–7.77 (m, 2H, ArH4" and ArH5"), 7.45-7.27 (m, 4H, ArH3" and ArH6" and ArH2" and ArH7"), 5.81–5.71 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.16–5.03 (m, 2H, H3), 4.46 (dd, J=5.4, 8.4 Hz, 1H, H2), 4.39 (d, *J*=6.3 Hz, 2H, OCH₂-H9"), 4.35–4.29 (m, 1H, H5), 4.2-4.15 (m, 1H, H9"), 3.68 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.17 (br s, 2H, H8), 2.61-2.41 (m, Hz, 2H, H1'), 1.88–1.75 (m, 2H, H7), 1.75–1.55 (m, 2H, H6). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 174.1, C4; 172.9, C1; 158.4, 5-NCO₂; 146.3, ArC8a" and ArC9a"; 142.4, ArC4a and ArC4b; 134.1, C2'; 129.1, ArCH3" and ArCH6"; 128.0, ArCH2" and ArCH7"; 126.6, ArCH4" and ArCH5"; 120.8, ArCH1" and ArCH8"; 118.9, C3'; 67.9, CH₂-C9"; 55.8, C9"; 53.4, C2; 52.8, OCH₃; 51.1, C5; 42.0, C8; 36.8, C1'; 30.5, H7; 26.3, H6. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 508 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₇H₃₄N₅O₅ 508.2526, found 508.2570.

5.10.2. Methyl (25,55)-2-allyl-3-aza-5-(9H-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-8-(guanidino)-4-oxooctanoate hydrochloride (**51**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general *N*-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A) using **24** (81 mg, 0.105 mmol) giving **51** (27 mg, 0.05 mmol, 47%) as a highly hygroscopic solid. $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +6.4 (*c* 0.005, MeOH). IR (neat) *v*_{max} 1663, 1528, 1210, 1179, 1098, 1030, 741. Mp 176–182 °C. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 500 MHz): δ 7.79 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH1" and ArH8"), 7.68–7.56 (m, 2H, ArH4" and ArH5"), 7.44-7.27 (m, 4H, ArH3" and ArH6" and ArH2" and ArH7"), 5.81-5.65 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.15–5.02 (m, 2H, H3'), 4.46 (dd, *J*=6.0, 8.1 Hz, 1H, H2), 4.34 (d, *J*=7.2 Hz, 2H, OCH₂-H9"), 4.34–4.28 (m, 1H, H5), 4.22–4.12 (m, 1H, H9"), 3.71/3.69 (2×s, 3H, OCH₃, two rotomers 1:3), 3.28–3.08 (m, 2H, H8), 2.59–2.40 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.95–1.72 (m, 2H, H7), 1.75–1.52 (m, 2H, H6). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 174.4, C4; 173.2, C1; 158.4, CN₃; 158.3, 5-NCO₂; 144.2, ArC8a" and ArC9a"; 142.4, ArC4a" and ArC4b"; 134.1, C2'; 129.1, ArCH3" and ArCH6"; 128.7, ArCH2" and ArCH7"; 126.7, ArCH4" and ArCH5"; 120.9, ArCH1" and ArCH8"; 119.0, C3'; 67.9, CH₂-C9"; 55.6, C9"; 53.5, C2; 52.8, OCH₃; 48.1, C5; 42.0, C8; 36.6, C1'; 30.3, H7; 26.2, H6. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 508 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₃₇H₃₄N₅O₅ 508.2560, found 508.2574.

5.10.3. Methyl (2R,5R)-2-allyl-3-aza-5-(9H-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-8-(guanidino)-4-oxooctanoate hydrochloride (**52**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general *N*-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from **25** (80 mg, 0.10 mmol) to yield **52** (45 mg, 0.083 mmol, 80%) as a highly hygroscopic white solid. [α] $_{D^3}^{D^3}$ –50.6 (*c* 0.002, MeOH). IR (neat) ν_{max} 1715, 1653, 1558, 1540, 1212, 1046, 738. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 500 MHz): δ 7.61 (d, *J*=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH1" and ArH8"), 7.47 (d, *J*=8.5 Hz, 2H, ArH4" and ArH5"), 7.20 (t, *J*=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH3" and ArH6"), 7.12 (t, *J*=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH2" and ArH7"), 5.62–5.54 (m, 1H, H2'), 4.93 (d, *J*=17.0 Hz, 1H, H3_a'), 4.87 (d, *J*=10.0 Hz, 1H, H3_b'), 4.28 (dd, *J*=6.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H,

H2), 4.20 (d, *J*=7.0 Hz, 2H, OCH₂-H9"), 4.03 (t, *J*=7.0 Hz, 1H, H5), 3.99 (t, *J*=7.0 Hz, 1H, H9"), 3.51 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.01 (br s, 2H, H8), 2.41–2.26 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.64 (br s, 2H, H7), 1.47 (br s, 2H, H6). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 174.1, C4; 173.1, C1; 158.4, CN₃; 158.2, 5-NCO₂; 145.1, ArC8a" and ArC9a"; 142.4, ArC4a and ArC4b; 133.9, C2'; 128.6, ArCH3" and ArCH6"; 128.0, ArCH2" and ArC47"; 126.0, ArCH4" and ArCH5"; 120.8, ArCH1" and ArCH8"; 118.8, C3'; 67.9, CH₂-C9"; 55.6, C9"; 53.6, C2; 52.7, OCH₃; 49.3, C5; 42.1, C8; 36.7, C1'; 30.4, C7; 26.2, C6. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 508 (45%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₇H₃₄N₅O₅ 508.2560, found 508.2592.

5.10.4. Methyl (2R,5S)-2-allyl-3-aza-5-(9H-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-8-(guanidino)-4-oxooctanoate hydrochloride (**53**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general N-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A) using **26** (94 mg, 0.12 mmol) to yield 53 (33 mg, 0.061 mmol, 51%) as a highly hygroscopic white solid. [α]²²_D –19.6 (*c* 0.005, MeOH). IR (neat) *ν*_{max} 1662, 1537, 1213, 1107, 1050, 1031, 738. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.79 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH1" and ArH8"), 7.67-7.63 (m, 2H, ArH4" and ArH5"), 7.39 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H, ArH3" and ArH6"), 7.30 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H, ArH2" and ArH7"), 5.78-5.65 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.09 (d, J=16.5 Hz, 1H, H3_a'), 5.04 (d, *J*=9.6 Hz, 1H, H3_b'), 4.46 (dd, *J*=5.7, 8.4 Hz, 1H, H2), 4.40 (d, J=6.3 Hz, 2H, OCH₂-H9"), 4.22 (t, J=6.6 Hz, 1H, H5), 4.24–4.13 (m, 1H, H9"), 3.69 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.17 (t, *J*=6.6 Hz, 2H, H8), 2.60-2.40 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.86-1.78 (m, 2H, H7), 1.67-1.50 (m, 2H, H6). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 174.0, C4; 172.9, C1; 158.4, CN₃; 158.2, 5-NCO₂; 145.1, ArC8a" and ArC9a"; 142.4, ArC4a" and ArC4b"; 134.1, C2': 128.7. ArCH3" and ArCH6": 128.0. ArCH2" and ArCH7": 126.0. ArCH4" and ArCH5"; 120.8, ArCH1" and ArcH8"; 118.9, C3'; 67.9, CH₂-C9"; 55.8, C9"; 53.4, C2; 52.8, OCH₃; 49.3, C5; 42.0, C8; 36.8, C1'; 30.5, C7; 26.3, C6. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 508 (25%) [MH⁺], 179 (100%) [sodium allylglycinamide]. HRMS calcd for C₂₇H₃₄N₅O₅ 508.2560, found 508.2555.

5.11. Synthesis of acyclic tripeptide hydrochloride salts (Scheme 6: 54–59)

5.11.1. Methyl (2S,5R,8S)-2-allyl-8-(4-allyloxyphenyl)-5-(4-aminobutyl)-3,6,9-triaza-4,7,10-trioxoundecanoate hydrochloride (**54**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general N-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from 9 (64 mg, 0.11 mmol) to yield 54 (22 mg, 0.041 mmol, 37%) as a cream coloured highly hygroscopic solid. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 500 MHz): δ 7.15 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH2^{*m*} and ArH6^{*m*}), 6.87 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH3^{*m*} and ArH5^{*m*}), 6.09-6.01 (m, 1H, H2""), 5.77-5.69 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.39 (d, J=17.0 Hz, 1H, H3 ""), 5.24 (d, J=10.5 Hz, 1H, H3 ""), 5.08 (d, J=17.0 Hz, 1H, H3'), 5.04 (d, J=10.0 Hz, 1H, H3'), 4.52 (d, J=5.5 Hz, 2H, H1""), 4.43-4.37 (m, 2H, H2 and H5), 4.15 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 1H, H8), 3.69 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 2.96-2.90 (m, 2H, H1'), 2.83 (br s, 2H, H4"), 2.60-2.48 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 1.93 (s, 3H, H11), 1.74 (br s, 2H, H1"), 1.50 (br s, 2H, H2"), 1.00 (br s, 2H, H3"). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 174.3, C7; 173.7, C1; 173.2, C4; 173.1, C10; 158.8, ArC4"; 134.8, C2'; 134.5, C2""; 131.3, ArCH2" and ArCH6"; 129.9, ArC1"; 118.4, C3'; 117.5, C3" 115.8, ArCH3^{*m*} and ArCH5^{*m*}; 69.8, C1^{*m*}; 57.6, C5; 54.2, OCH₃; 53.8, C8; 52.7, C2; 40.3, C4'; 37.4, ArCH₂; 36.4, C1'; 31.7, C1"; 28.0, C3"; 23.5, C11; 22.4, C2". MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 503.7 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₆H₃₉N₄O₆ 503.2870, found 503.2881.

5.11.2. Methyl (2S,5S,8S)-8-acetamido-2-allyl-9-(4-allyloxy-phenyl)-5-(4-aminobutyl)-3,6-diaza-4,7-dioxononanoate hydrochloride (55)

The title compound was synthesized using the general procedure (Procedure A), by deprotection of **32** (104 mg, 0.170 mmol) to yield **55** as a 1:1 mixture of epimers (55 mg, 0.10 mmol, 60%) as

a highly hygroscopic yellow solid. Mp 150–154 °C. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.14 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH2^{*m*} and ArH6^{*m*}), 6.84 (t, *J*=8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH3^{*m*} and ArH5^{*m*}), 6.08–5.99 (m, 1H, H2^{*m*}), 5.81–5.73 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.37 (d, *J*=17.3 Hz, 1H, H3_a^{*m*}), 5.22 (d, *J*=9.7 Hz, 1H, H3_b^{*m*}), 5.15–5.04 (m, 2H, H3'), 4.52–4.36 (m, 5H, H2, H5, H8 and H1^{*m*}), 3.69/3.67 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.08–2.76 (m, 4H, H1' and H4''), 2.62–2.40 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 1.93/1.91 (s, 3H, H11), 1.50 (s, 6H, H1^{*n*}, H2'' and H3''). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 173.7/173.6, C7; 173.4, C1; 173.1, C4; 173.0/172.9, C10; 158.7, ArCH4^{*m*}; 134.8, C2'; 134.3/134.0, C2^{*m*}; 131.2/131.1, ArCH2^{*m*} and ArCH6^{*m*}; 130.2/130.1, ArC1^{*m*}; 118.8/ 118.5, C3'; 117.4/117.3, C3^{*m*}; 115.7/115.6, ArCH3^{*m*} and ArCH5^{*m*}; 69.8/69.7, C1^{*m*}; 57.2, C5; 54.0, OCH₃; 53.8/53.7, C8; 52.8/52.7, C2; 40.6/40.5, C4'; 37.8/37.7, ArCH₂; 36.6/36.5, C1'; 31.9, C1''; 28.0, C3''; 23.4, C11; 22.5, C2''. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 503.3 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₆H₃₉N₄O₆ 503.2870, found 503.2894.

5.11.3. Methyl (2S,5R,8S)-2-allyl-8-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3,6,9-triaza-

5-(3-[guanidino]propyl)-4,7,10-oxoundecanoate hydrochloride (56) The title compound was synthesized using the general N-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from 33 (70 mg, 0.088 mmol) to yield 56 (37 mg, 0.065 mmol, 74%) as a highly hygroscopic solid. $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ +17.4 (*c* 0.007, MeOH). IR (neat) ν_{max} 1734, 1652, 1543, 1507, 1445, 1217, 1052, 1000, 767. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.12 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH2" and ArH6"), 6.83 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH3" and ArC5"), 6.05-5.96 (m, 1H, H2""), 5.76-6.64 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.35 (d, *J*=17.4 Hz, 1H, H3_a""), 5.19 (d, *J*=9.9 Hz, 1H, H3b""), 5.08-5.02 (m, 2H, H3'), 4.48-4.47 (m, 2H, H2""), 4.42-4.342 (m, 2H, H2 and H5), 4.18–4.14 (m, 1H, H8), 3.65 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.36-3.26 (m, 2H, H3"), 3.06-2.96 (m, 2H, ArCH2), 2.54-2.46 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.92 (s, 3H, H11), 1.85-1.64 (m, 2H, H1"), 1.40-1.16 (m, 2H, H2"). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 174.0, C4; 173.4, C11; 172.9, C1; 169.0, C7; 158.8, ArC4"; 158.2, CN3; 134.7, C2""; 134.3, C2'; 131.2, ArC1""; 129.8, ArCH2" and ArCH6"; 118.4, C3'; 117.4, C3""; 115.7, ArCH3^{III} and ArCH5^{III}; 69.8, C1^{IIII}; 57.7, C2; 54.0, C5; 53.7, C8; 52.8, OCH₃; 50.1, C3"; 37.5, ArCH₂; 36.4, C1'; 29.5, C2"; 24.0, C11; 22.3, C1". MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 531 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₆H₃₉N₆O₆ 531.2931, found 531.2939.

5.11.4. Methyl (25,55,85)-2-allyl-8-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3,6,9-triaza-5-(3-[guanidino]propyl)-4,7,10-oxoundecanoate hydrochloride (**57**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general N-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from 34 (63 mg, 0.079 mmol) to yield 57 (38 mg, 0.036 mmol, 85%) as a highly hygroscopic solid. $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ +46.1 (*c* 0.001, MeOH). IR (neat) ν_{max} 1740, 1631, 1543, 1512, 1254, 1093. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.13 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 2H, ArH2[™] and ArH6[™]), 6.82 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 2H, ArH3[™] and ArH5"), 6.09-5.97 (m, 1H, H2""), 5.84-5.70 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.36 (dd, *J*=1.5, 17.4 Hz, 1H, H3_a^{""}), 5.22 (dd, *J*=1.5, 10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b^{""}), 5.13 (d, J=18.3 Hz, 1H, H3_a'), 5.08 (d, J=9.6 Hz, 1H, H3_b'), 4.50–4.48 (m, 3H, H1^{""} and H5), 4.42–4.36 (m, 2H, H2 and H8), 3.69 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.21-3.15 (m, 2H, H3"), 3.02 (dd, *J*=5.7, 13.8 Hz, 1H, ArCHH), 2.82 (dd, J=9.0, 14.1 Hz, 1H, ArCHH), 2.60-2.41 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.92 (s, 3H, H11), 1.88-1.81 (m, 2H, H1"), 1.70-1.58 (m, 2H, H2"). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 173.9, C4; 173.5, C11; 173.4, C1; 173.2, C7; 158.8, ArC4"; 158.4, CN3; 134.9, C2""; 134.2, C2'; 131.2, ArC1"; 130.3, ArCH2" and ArCH6"; 117.4, C3'; 116.2, C3""; 115.6, ArCH3" and ArCH5"; 69.7, C1"; 56.6, C2; 53.8, C5; 53.6, C8; 52.8, OCH₃; 50.1, C3"; 36.6, ArCH₂; 36.5, C1'; 30.3, C2"; 23.0, C11; 22.5, C1". MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 531.1 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₆H₃₉N₆O₆ 531.2931, found 531.2916.

5.11.5. Methyl (2R,5R,8S)-2-allyl-8-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3,6,9-triaza-5-(3-[guanidino]propyl)-4,7,10-oxoundecanoate hydrochloride (**58**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general *N*-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from **35** (48 mg, 0.60 mmol) to yield **58** (32 mg, 0.060 mmol, 100%) as a highly hygroscopic solid.

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ +16.0 (*c* 0.008, MeOH). IR (neat) ν_{max} 1652, 1543, 1512, 1222, 1181, 1047, 1005, 834, 752. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.15 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH2^{*m*} and ArH6^{*m*}), 6.86 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 2H, ArH3^{*m*} and ArC5^{'''}), 6.08-6.00 (m, 1H, H2^{''''}), 5.78-5.70 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.38 (dd, *J*=1.5, 17.4 Hz, 1H, H3_a^{""}), 5.23 (dd, *J*=1.2, 10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b^{""}), 5.09 (dd, J=1.2, 16.8 Hz, 1H, H3_a'), 5.06 (d, J=10.6 Hz, 1H, H3_b'), 4.45–4.40 (m, 4H, H2^{""} and H2), 4.39 (dd, *J*=5.7, 8.1 Hz, 1H, H5), 4.26 (dd, *J*=4.5, 8.7 Hz, 1H, H8), 3.68 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.07 (t, *J*=7.2 Hz, 2H, H3"), 2.89-2.82 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 2.59-2.42 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.95 (s, 3H, H11), 1.75–1.59 (m, 2H, H1"), 1.11–1.08 (m, 2H, H2"). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 173.7, C4; 173.6, C11; 173.4, C1; 172.9, C7; 158.8, ArC4"; 158.4, CN3; 134.8, C2""; 134.3, C2'; 131.2, ArC1""; 130.0, ArCH2" and ArCH6"; 118.6, C3'; 117.4, C3""; 115.7, ArCH3" and ArCH5"; 69.8, C1 ""; 57.2, C2; 53.8, C5; 53.8, C8; 52.8, OCH₃; 50.1, C3"; 37.7, ArCH₂; 36.5, C1'; 29.7, C2"; 22.9, C11; 22.3, C1". MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 531.5 (80%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₆H₃₉N₆O₆ 531.2931, found 531.2936.

5.11.6. Methyl (2R,55,8S)-2-allyl-8-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3,6,9-triaza-5-(3-[guanidino]propyl)-4,7,10-oxoundecanoate hydrochloride (**59**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general N-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from **36** (87 mg, 0.11 mmol) to yield **59** (35 mg, 0.062 mmol, 56%) as a highly hygroscopic solid. $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ +16.0 (*c* 0.008, MeOH). IR (neat) ν_{max} 1652, 1543, 1512, 1222, 1181, 1047, 1005, 834, 752. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.16 (d, *J*=8.5 Hz, 2H, ArH2^{*m*} and ArH6^{*m*}), 6.83 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH3^{*m*} and ArH5"), 6.10-5.98 (m, 1H, H2""), 5.84-5.70 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.38 (dd, *J*=1.5, 17.5 Hz, 1H, H3_a^{""}), 5.23 (dd, *J*=1.0, 10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b^{""}), 5.12 (d, J=17.0 Hz, 1H, H3_a'), 5.08 (d, J=10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b'), 4.50 (d, *J*=5.0 Hz, 2H, H1^{""}), 4.42–4.37 (m, 3H, H2, H5 and H8), 3.71 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 2.97 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H, H3"), 3.02-2.85 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 2.63-2.45 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.93 (s, 3H, CH₃, H11), 1.84-1.73 (m, 2H, H1"), 1.63–1.60 (m, 2H, H2"). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 173.9, C4; 173.4, C11; 173.1, C1; 172.9, C7; 158.8, ArC4"; 158.4, CN₃; 134.8, C2""; 134.1, C2'; 131.1, ArC1""; 130.2, ArCH2" and ArCH6""; 118.9, C3'; 117.2, C3""; 115.6, ArCH3" and ArCH5"; 69.7, C1""; 56.9, C2; 53.8, C5; 53.6, C8; 52.8, OCH₃; 50.1, C3"; 37.7, ArCH₂; 36.9, C1'; 26.1, C2"; 22.5, C11; 20.7, C1". MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 531.1 (85%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₆H₃₉N₆O₆ 531.2931, found 531.2952.

5.12. Synthesis of acyclic guanidinelysine derivatives (Scheme 7)

5.12.1. Methyl (2S,5R,8S)-2-allyl-8-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3,6,9-triaza-5-(4[{N,N-di-tert-butoxycarbonyl}guanidino]butyl)-4,7,10trioxoundecanoate (**60**)

To a solution of 9 (56 mg, 0.093 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) was added TFA (2 mL) and the resulting mixture was allowed to stir for 3 h. The solvent was concentrated and the intermediate trifluoroacetate salt was precipitated by addition of diethyl ether and collected as a solid by vacuum filtration. To this solid were added N-tert-butoxycarboxamido(trifluoromethylsulfonylimino)methyl propanamide (65 mg, 0.17 mmol), triethylamine (0.2 mL) and CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL). The resulting solution was allowed to stir for 16 h under N₂. The solvent was evaporated and the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (15:1, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH) to yield the title compound as a 1:1 mixture of epimers (70 mg, 0.093 mmol, 100%) as an orange/ yellow solid. Mp 112–114 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 8.31 (br s, 1H, NH), 7.20 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.11–7.04 (m, 2H, ArH2^{'''} and ArH6""), 6.94 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.11–6.79 (m, 2H, ArH3" and ArH5""), 6.72 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.60 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.07-5.96 (m, 1H, H2^{""}), 5.71–5.61 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.38 (d, J=17.3 Hz, 1H, $H3_{a}$ ^m), 5.26 (d, *J*=10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b^m), 5.14–5.06 (m, 2H, H3'), 4.70–4.34 (m, 5H, H2, H5, H8 and H2^m), 3.74/3.70 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.32 (d, J=6.7 Hz, 2H, H4"), 3.00–2.86 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 2.56–2.43 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.97/1.96 (s, 3H, H11), 1.40-1.05 (m, 6H, H1", H2" and H3"), 1.49 (s, 18H, $2 \times C(CH_3)_3$). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.1/171.7, C7; 171.4/

171.3, C1; 170.9, C4; 170.7, C10; 163.1, CN₃; 157.5/157.4, ArC4^{*w*}; 156.0/ 155.9, NCO₂; 153.0, NCO₂; 133.1/133.0, C2'; 132.1/131.9, C2^{*w*}; 130.0, ArCH2^{*w*} and ArCH6^{*w*}; 128.2/128.0, ArC1^{*w*}; 119.1/118.9, C3'; 117.5/ 117.3, C3^{*w*}; 114.8/114.7, ArCH3^{*w*} and ArCH5^{*w*}; 83.2/83.1, C(CH₃)₃; 79.5/79.4, C(CH₃)₃; 68.7, C1^{*w*}; 55.4/54.6, C5; 52.9, OCH₃; 52.5/52.8, C8; 51.9/51.8, C2; 40.7/40.5, C4^{*w*}; 37.2, ArCH₂; 36.3, C1'; 36.1, C1^{*w*}; 31.9/ 31.5, C3^{*w*}; 28.6/28.3, C(CH₃)₃; 22.9/22.7, C11; 22.5, C2^{*w*}. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 745.4 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₃₇H₅₇N₆O₁₀ 745.4136, found 745.4138.

5.12.2. Methyl (2S,5S,8S)-2-allyl-8-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3,6,9-triaza-5-(4[{N,N-di-tert-butoxycarbonyl}guanidino]butyl)-4,7,10trioxoundecanoate (**61**)

To a solution of **32** (41 mg, 0.081 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) were added *N-tert*-butoxycarboxamido(trifluoromethylsulfonylimino)methyl propanamide (35 mg, 0.089 mmol) and triethylamine (0.1 mL). The resulting solution was allowed to stir for 16 h under N₂. The solvent was evaporated and the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (15:1, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH) to yield the title compound as a 1:1 mixture of epimers (45 mg, 0.060 mmol, 74%) as an orange/yellow solid. Mp 114–118 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 8.26 (br s, 1H, NH), 7.08 (t, J=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH2" and ArH6"), 6.99-6.94 (m, 1H, NH), 6.83 (t, J=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH3" and ArH5"), 6.73 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.57 (t, J=9.3 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.09-5.96 (m, 1H, H2¹¹¹), 5.74-5.59 (m, 1H, H2¹), 5.39 (d, *J*=17.3 Hz, 1H, H3^{""}), 5.26 (d, *J*=10.1 Hz, 1H, H3^{""}), 5.14–5.06 (m, 2H, H3'), 4.70-4.33 (m, 5H, H2, H5, H8 and H1""), 3.74/3.71 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.33 (br s, 2H, H4"), 3.05-2.88 (m, 2H, H1'), 2.59-2.46 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 1.97 (s, 3H, H11), 1.50-1.20 (m, 6H, H1", H2" and H3"), 1.49 (s, 18H, C(CH₃)₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 171.7/171.6, C7; 171.3/171.2, C1; 170.9/170.7, C4; 170.6, C10; 163.2/163.1, CN₃; 157.5/157.4, ArC4^{'''}; 156.0, NCO2; 153.1/151.4, NCO2; 133.1/133.0, C2'; 132.0/131.9, C2""; 130.1, ArCH2" and ArCH6"; 128.2/128.1, ArC1"; 119.2/119.0, C3'; 117.5, C3""; 114.8/114.7, ArCH3" and ArCH5"; 83.2/83.1, NCO2; 79.5/79.4, NCO2; 68.7, C1 ""; 55.2/54.5, C5; 53.1/53.0, OCH₃; 52.4, C8; 52.4/51.9, C2; 40.7/ 40.5, C4"; 37.2, ArCH₂; 36.1, C1'; 32.0/31.6, C1"; 28.6/28.3, C(CH₃)₃; 28.1/ 27.8, C(CH₃)₃; 22.9, C11; 22.6, C2". MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 745.2 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₃₇H₅₇N₆O₁₀ 745.4136, found 745.4105.

5.12.3. Methyl (2S,5R,8S)-2-allyl-9-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-5-(4-[guanidino]butyl)-3,6,9-triaza-4,7,10-trioxoundecanoate hydrochloride (**62**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general N-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from 60 (71 mg, 0.095 mmol) to yield 62 (43 mg, 0.074 mmol, 78%) as a yellow hygroscopic solid. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 8.25–8.15 (m, 2H, NH×2), 7.15 (d, *J*=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH2^{*m*} and ArH6^{*m*}), 6.87 (d, *J*=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH3[™] and ArH5[™]), 6.10–5.96 (m, 1H, H2[™]), 5.80–5.66 (m, 1H, H2′), 5.39 (d, *J*=17.3 Hz, 1H, H3_a""), 5.24 (d, *J*=10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b""), 5.12 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 1H, H3a'), 5.05 (d, J=9.9 Hz, 1H, H3b'), 4.52–4.37 (m, 4H, H2, H5 and H1^{""}), 4.17 (dd, *J*=4.0, 8.7 Hz, 1H, H8), 3.72 (s, 3H, OCH3), 3.18-2.80 (m, 4H, H1' and H4"), 2.62-2.42 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 1.94 (s, 3H, H11), 1.83-1.39 (m, 4H, H2" and H3"), 1.05-0.97 (m, 2H, H1"). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 174.3, C4; 174.0, C11; 173.3, C1; 173.2, C7; 159.0, ArC4"; 158.5, CN₃; 134.9, C2""; 134.5, C2'; 131.4, ArC1'"; 130.4, ArCH2'" and ArCH6'"; 118.6, C3'; 117.5, C3""; 115.9, ArCH3" and ArCH5"; 69.8, C1""; 57.5, C2; 54.3, C5; 53.8, C8; 52.7, OCH₃; 42.1, C4"; 37.5, ArCH₂; 36.4, C1'; 31.9, C2"; 29.2, C3"; 23.6, C11; 22.4, C1". MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 545.4 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₇H₄₁N₆O₆ 545.3088, found 545.3073.

5.12.4. Methyl (25,55,85)-2-allyl-9-(4-allyloxyphenyl)-5-(4-[guanidino]butyl)-3,6,9-triaza-4,7,10-trioxoundecanoate hydrochloride (**63**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general *N*-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from **61** (40 mg, 0.054 mmol) to yield **63** (11 mg, 0.019 mmol, 35%) as a highly hygroscopic yellow

solid. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.10 (br s, 2H, ArH2^{*m*} and ArH6^{*m*}), 6.79 (br s, 2H, ArH3^{*m*} and ArH5^{*m*}), 6.10–5.90 (m, 1H, H2^{*m*}), 5.84–5.62 (m, 1H, H2'), 5.36–4.99 (m, 4H, H3^{*m*} and H3'), 4.45–4.10 (m, 5H, H2, H5, H8 and H1^{*m*}), 3.65 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.11–2.70 (m, 4H, H1' and H4''), 2.49 (br s, 2H, ArCH₂), 1.87 (s, 3H, H11), 1.47–1.23 (m, 6H, H1'', H2'' and H3''). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 174.2, C4; 174.1, C11; 173.6, C1; 173.2, C7; 159.4, ArC4^{*m*}; 158.4, CN₃; 134.6, C2^{*m*}; 134.2, C2'; 131.2, ArC1^{*m*}; 130.3, ArCH2^{*m*} and ArCH6^{*m*}; 119.6, C3'; 118.2, C3^{*m*}; 116.3, ArCH3^{*m*} and ArCH5^{*m*}; 70.0, C1^{*m*}; 57.4, C2; 54.4, C5; 53.9, C8; 52.4, OCH₃; 42.2, C4''; 37.6, ArCH₂; 36.6, C1'; 32.5, C2''; 29.5, C3''; 23.6, C11; 22.8, C1''. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 545.3 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₇H₄₁N₆O₆ 545.3088, found 545.3066.

5.13. Synthesis of cyclic guanidinelysine derivatives (Scheme 8)

5.13.1. (7S,10S,13S,4E/Z)-13-Acetamido-8,11-diaza-10-(4-[{N,N-ditert-butoxycarbonyl}guanidino]butyl)-7-methoxycarbonyl-2-oxa-9,12-dioxo-1(1,4)phenylenacyclotetradecaphane-4-ene (**64**)

To a solution of **10** (75 mg, 0.15 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) were added N-tert-butoxycarboxamido(trifluoromethylsulfonylimino)methyl propanamide (115 mg, 0.29 mmol), triethylamine (0.1 mL) and CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL). The resulting solution was allowed to stir for 16 h under N₂. The solvent was evaporated and the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (15:1, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH) to yield 64 as a 1:1 mixture of epimers (96 mg, 0.13 mmol, 87%) as an orange/vellow solid. Mp 104–102 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 8.28–8.24 (m, 1H, NH), 7.14-6.71 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.00-5.50 (m, 2H, H4 and H5), 4.77-4.55 (m, 5H, H2, H7, H10 and H13), 3.79/3.78 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.34–3.23 (m, 2H, H4'), 2.99-2.87 (m, 2H, H6), 2.77-2.637 (m, 2H, H14), 2.09/2.07 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.60-1.50 (m, 6H, H1', H2' and H3'), 1.49/1.48 (s, 18H, C(CH₃)₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.1/171.8, C9; 170.8/170.7, 7-CO; 170.3, 13-NCO; 169.9, C12; 163.6, CN₃; 156.7, 1-ArC1; 156.3/156.2, NCO₂; 153.4/153.3, NCO₂; 130.4, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 129.9, C4; 128.4, C5; 127.6, 1-ArC4; 116.8, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 83.4/83.3, C(CH₃)₃; 79.5/79.4, C(CH₃)₃; 66.2, C3; 54.8, C13; 53.8, C10; 52.1, OCH₃; 41.1, C4'; 33.9, C7; 31.3, C14; 30.0, C6; 29.2, C(CH₃)₃; 27.5, C3'; 23.5, 13-NCOCH₃; 22.6, C2'. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 717.4 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₃₅H₅₃N₆O₁₀ 717.3823, found 717.3806.

5.13.2. (7S,10S,13S,4E/Z)-13-Acetamido-10-(4-[guanidino]butyl)-8,11-diaza-7-methoxycarbonyl-2-oxa-9,12-dioxo-1(1,4)phenyle-nacyclotetradecaphane-4-ene hydrochloride (**65**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general *N*-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from **64** (86 mg, 0.12 mmol) to yield **65** (50 mg, 0.097 mmol, 81%) as a highly hygroscopic yellow solid. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 500 MHz): δ 10.34 (br s, 1H, NH), 7.55–7.36 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.18–7.07 (m, 2H, ArH), 5.97–5.80 (m, 2H, H4 and H5), 4.98–4.68 (m, 5H, H2, H7, H10 and H13), 3.65 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.32–3.31 (m, 2H, H4'), 3.10–3.00 (m, 2H, H6), 2.42–2.40 (m, 2H, H14), 2.10 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 2.10–2.00 (m, 2H, H3'), 1.90–1.80 (m, 2H, H1'), 1.54–1.42 (m, 2H, H2'). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 125 MHz): δ 173.3/173.2, C9; 172.7/173.6, 7-C0; 172.5, 13-NC0; 169.4, C12; 158.5/158.4, 1-ArC1; 131.4/131.3, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 131.0, C4; 129.3, C5; 129.0, 1-ArC4; 116.5, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 67.0, C3; 58.2, C7; 57.5, C13; 57.4, C10; 53.9, OCH₃; 22.5, C2'. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 517.4 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₅H₃₇N₆O₆ 517.2775, found 517.2765.

5.14. Synthesis of dityrosine cyclic peptides (Scheme 9)

5.14.1. Methyl (2S)-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-2-tert-butoxycarboxamidopropanoate (**67**)

To a solution of (2S)-2-amino-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoic acid **66** (5.23 g, 28.9 mmol) in anhydrous MeOH (20 mL) at 0 °C was added dropwise thionyl chloride (2 mL). The resulting mixture was

allowed to stir for 40 h before the solvent was removed by evaporation and the resulting hydrochloride salt was dissolved in DMF (15 mL). To this solution was added di-tert-butyl-dicarbonate (9.44 g, 43.3 mmol) and the reaction mixture was allowed to reach rt whilst stirring. After 16 h the reaction was quenched with water (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3×30 mL). The combined extracts were washed with water $(5 \times 20 \text{ mL})$. dried and evaporated. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (25:1, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH) to yield the title compound (1.32 g, 4.48 mmol, 16%) as a yellow oil, which was spectroscopically identical to that reported.²⁵ ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 6.95 (d, [=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH2' and ArH6'), 6.73 (d, [=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH3' and ArH5'), 6.51 (br s, 1H, OH), 5.05 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H, NH), 4.57-4.50 (m, 1H, H2), 3.71 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.06–2.91 (m, 2H, H3), 1.42 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.5, C1; 155.2, NCO; 155.1, ArC4'; 130.2, ArCH2' and ArCH6'; 127.2, ArCH3' and ArCH5'; 115.4, ArC1'; 80.2, C(CH₃)₃; 54.6, C2; 52.3, OCH₃; 37.6, C3; 28.3, C(CH₃)₃. MS (CI, +ve) m/z 196 (100%) [MH⁺ (less Boc)]. HRMS calcd for C₁₆H₂₂NO₅ 296.1498, found 296.1503.

5.14.2. Methyl (2S)-3-(4-allyloxyphenyl)-2-tertbutoxycarboxamidopropanoate (**68**)

To a solution of **67** (1.30 g, 4.39 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) under an N₂ atmosphere was added K₂CO₃ (1.21 g, 8.79 mmol) and the resulting suspension was allowed to stir for 20 min before the addition of allyl bromide (0.76 mL, 8.79 mmol). The reaction mixture was allowed to stir for 16 h before quenching with water (40 mL) and extracting with EtOAc (3×40 mL). The combined extracts were washed with water (4×40 mL), dried and evaporated to yield the title compound (1.21 g, 3.35 mmol, 76%) as a colourless solid, which was identical to that reported.²³ Mp 142–144 °C (lit. 145 °C).²³

5.14.3. Methyl (2S)-2-(4-allyloxyphenyl)-2-aminopropanoate hydrochloride (**69**)

To a solution of **68** (1.10 g, 3.28 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) was added TFA (5 mL) dropwise. After stirring for 16 h the solvent was removed by evaporation and the resulting trifluoroacetate salt was resuspended in methanol (2 mL) and treated with 1 M HCl/ diethyl ether (2 mL). The solution was stirred for 5 min before the solvent was evaporated to yield the crude hydrochloride salt. The crude product was purified by precipitation (CH₂Cl₂/diethyl ether) to give the title compound (889 mg, 3.28 mmol, 100%) as a white solid. Mp 216–220 °C. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.16 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH2' and ArH6'), 6.93 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H, ArH3' and ArH5'), 6.11–5.98 (m, 1H, H2"), 5.38 (dd, J=17.3, 1.7 Hz, 1H, H3_a"), 5.24 (dd, *J*=11.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H, H3_b"), 4.55-4.53 (m, 2H, H1"), 4.26 (t, J=7.2 Hz 1H, H2), 3.81 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.23–3.06 (m, 2H, H3). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): ô 170.3, C1; 159.6, ArC4'; 139.6, C2"; 131.4, ArCH2' and ArCH6'; 127.0, ArC1; 117.4, C3"; 116.2, ArCH3' and ArCH5'; 69.7, C1"; 55.3, C2; 53.6, OCH₃; 36.6, C3. MS (CI, +ve) m/z 236 (90%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₁₃H₁₈NO₃ 236.1287, found 236.1276.

5.14.4. Methyl (2S,5R)-2-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3-aza-9-(tertbutoxycarboxamido)-5-(9H-9-fluorenylmethylcarboxamido)-4-oxononanoate (**70**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general peptide coupling procedure (Procedure B), from **69** (200 mg, 0.74 mmol) and (2*R*)-6-*tert*-butoxycarboxamido-2-[(9*H*-9-fluorenylmethyloxy)-carboxamido]hexanoic acid (291 mg, 0.62 mmol) to afford **70** (317 mg, 0.47 mmol, 75%) as a pale yellow solid. IR (neat) ν_{max} 1734, 1684, 1653, 1539, 1510, 1250, 1174, 738. Mp 114–116 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.74 (d, *J*=7.6 Hz, 2H, ArH1^{*m*} and ArH8^{*m*}), 7.57 (d, *J*=6.3 Hz, 2H, ArH4^{*m*} and ArH5^{*m*}), 7.38 (t, *J*=7.2 Hz, 2H, ArH3^{*m*} and ArH6^{*m*}), 7.28 (t, *J*=7.6 Hz, 2H, ArH2^{*m*} and ArH6^{*m*}), 6.99 (d, *J*=7.6 Hz, 2H, ArH3^{*r*} and ArH6^{*r*}), 5.99–5.95 (m, 1H, H2^{*n*}), 5.67 (d,

J=7.2 Hz, 1H, NH), 5.34 (d, *J*=16.8 Hz, 1H, H3_a"), 5.23 (d, *J*=10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b"), 4.81 (d, *J*=5.8 Hz, 1H, H2), 4.70 (t, *J*=5.9 Hz, 1H, H5), 4.38–4.34 (m, 3H, OCH₂ and OCH₂-H9"), 4.20–4.18 (m, 2H, H1"), 3.68 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.05–3.04 (m, 4H, H9 and ArCH₂), 1.76–1.70 (m, 2H, H6), 1.60–1.50 (m, 2H, H7), 1.42 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃), 1.23–1.21 (m, 2H, H8). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 171.7, C4; 171.2, C1; 157.4, NCO; 155.9, NCO"; 143.6, ArC4'; 143.3, ArC8a" and ArC9a"; 141.0, ArC4a" and ArC4b"; 127.5, ArCH2" and ArCH2' and ArCH6'; 127.7, ArCH3" and ArCH6"; 127.5, ArCH4" and ArCH5"; 119.8, ArC1'; 117.4, C3"; 114.6, ArCH3' and ArCH5'; 79.0, C(CH₃)₃; 68.6, CH₂-C9"; 67.1, C1"; 54.6, C5; 53.2, C2; 52.3, OCH₃; 47.0, C9"; 39.9, C9; 37.0, ArCH₂; 32.2, C6; 29.6, C8; 28.4, C(CH₃)₃; 22.3, C7. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 708.4 (100%) [MNa⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₃₉H₄₈N₃O₈ 686.3439, found 686.3441.

5.14.5. Methyl (2S,5R)-2-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-5-amino-3-aza-9-(tert-butoxycarboxamido)-4-oxononanoate (**71**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general N-Fmoc deprotection procedure (Procedure C), from 70 (198 mg, 0.290 mmol) to yield 71 (131 mg, 0.280 mmol, 97%) as a cream oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.63 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.04 (d, I=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH2' and ArH6'), 6.83 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH3' and ArH5'), 6.11–5.98 (m, 1H, H2"), 5.40 (dd, J=1.7, 17.3 Hz, 1H, H3_a"), 5.28 (dd, J=1.7, 11.8 Hz, 1H, H3b"), 4.81-4.75 (m, 1H, H2), 4.66 (br s, 1H, NH), 4.51–4.49 (m, 2H, H1"), 3.71 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.32 (dd, *J*=4.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H, H5), 2.60–2.54 (m, 4H, ArCH₂ and H8), 1.81–1.25 (m, 6H, H6, H7 and H8), 1.43 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 175.0, C4; 172.3, C1; 157.9, NCO₂; 156.3, ArC4'; 133.5, C2"; 130.4, ArCH2' and ArCH6': 128.5. ArC1': 118.0. C3": 115.0. ArCH3' and ArCH5'; 79.4, C(CH₃)₃; 69.1, C1"; 55.3, C2; 54.4, C5; 52.7, OCH₃; 40.6, C9; 37.5, ArCH₂; 34.8, C6; 30.3, C8; 28.9, C(CH₃)₃; 23.1, C7. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 464.3 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₂₄H₃₈N₃O₆ 464.2761, found 464.2749.

5.14.6. Methyl (2S,5R,8S)-2,8-di(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3,6,9-triaza-5-

(4-[tert-butoxycarboxamido]butyl)-4,7,10-trioxoundecanoate (72) The title compound was synthesized using the general peptide coupling procedure (Procedure B), from **71** (220 mg, 0.600 mmol) and 14 (132 mg, 0.500 mmol) to yield 72 (130 mg, 0.180 mmol, 37%) as a white solid. Mp 185–186 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.36 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 2H, NH), 7.08 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH2' and ArH6'), 7.02 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH2"" and ArH6""), 6.82 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 4H, ArH3', ArH5', ArH3"" and ArH5""), 6.63 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.10-5.94 (m, 2H, H2" and H2""'), 5.43-5.24 (m, 4H, H3" and H3""'), 4.82-4.75 (m, 2H, H2 and H8), 4.62-4.58 (m, 1H, H5), 4.91-4.44 (m, 4H, H1" and H1""'), 3.67 (s, 3H, OCH3), 3.04-2.89 (m, 6H, Ar'-CH2, Ar""-CH2 and H4""), 1.93 (s, 3H, H11), 1.43 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃), 1.37-1.26 (m, 6H, H1"", H2^{*m*} and H3^{*m*}). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.2, C7; 170.8, C4; 170.6, C1; 170.1, C10; 157.4, NCO₂; 157.3, ArC4''''; 155.8, ArC4'; 133.0, C2" and C2""'; 130.1, ArCH2' and ArCH6'; 130.1, ArCH2"" and ArCH6""; 128.4, ArC1""; 128.0, ArC1'; 117.5, C3" and C3""'; 114.7, ArCH3' and ArCH5'; 114.6, ArCH3"" and ArCH5""; 78.9, C(CH₃)₃; 68.7, C1"; 68.7, C1""'; 55.1, C2; 53.3, C5; 52.6, OCH₃; 52.3, C8; 40.1, C4""; 37.5, Ar'CH₂; 37.2, Ar""CH₂; 31.9, C1""; 29.7, C3""; 28.5, C(CH₃)₃; 23.0, C11; 22.1, C2^{*m*}. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 709.3 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₃₈H₅₂N₄O₉ 709.3813, found 709.3793.

5.14.7. Methyl (2S,5R,8S)-2,8-di(4-allyloxybenzyl)-5-(4-aminobutyl)-3,6,9-triaza-4,7,10-trioxoundecanoate hydrochloride (**73**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general *N*-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from **72** (33 mg, 0.051 mmol) to yield **73** (18 mg, 0.028 mmol, 55%) as a yellow solid. Mp 186–190 °C. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 500 MHz): δ 7.50 (br s, 1H, NH), 7.41 (br s, 4H, ArH), 7.26–7.10 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.46–6.30 (m, 2H, H2″ and H2″″′), 5.80–5.64 (m, 4H, H3″ and H3″″′), 4.99–4.70 (m, 6H, H2,

H8, H1″ and H1^{*m*′′}), 4.55–4.42 (m, 1H, H5), 3.70 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.42– 3.18 (br s, 6H, H4^{*m*′}, Ar′-CH₂ and Ar^{*m*′′}-CH₂), 2.27 (s, 3H, H11), 2.05– 1.65 (m, 4H, H1″ and H3″), 1.33 (m, 2H, H2″). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 125 MHz): δ 173.9, C7; 173.7, C4; 173.1, C1; 172.0, C10; 158.5, ArC4^{*m*′′} and ArC4′; 134.7, C2″ and C2^{*m*′′}; 131.3, ArCH2′ and ArCH6′; 131.1, ArCH2^{*m*′′} and ArCH6^{*m*′′}; 130.0, ArC1^{*m*′′}; 129.8, ArC1′; 117.8, C3″; 117.5, C3^{*m*′′}; 115.8, ArCH3′ and ArCH5′; 115.6, ArCH3^{*m*′′} and ArCH5^{*m*′′}; 70.0, C1″; 69.8, C1^{*m*′′}; 57.2, C2; 55.2, C5; 53.8, OCH₃; 52.4, C8; 40.7, C4^{*m*′′}; 37.4, Ar′-CH₂; 37.1, Ar^{*m*′′}-CH₂; 31.7, C1^{*m*′′}; 27.9, C3^{*m*′′}; 23.2, C11; 22.2, C2^{*m*′}. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 609.7 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₃₃H₄₅N₄O₇ 609.3288, found 609.3301.

5.14.8. (10S,13R,16S,4E/Z)-16-Acetamido-11,14-diaza-13-([tert-butoxycarboxamido]butyl)-10-methoxycarbonyl-2,7-dioxa-12,15-dioxo-1(1,4),8(4,1)-diphenylenecycloheptadecaphane-4-ene (**74**)

The title compound was prepared using the general procedure for olefin metathesis (Procedure D), from **72** (56 mg, 0.079 mmol) to yield 74 (22 mg, 0.032 mmol, 41%) as a brown solid. Mp 190-194 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.13–6.73 (m, 8H, ArH), 6.02– 5.83 (m, 2H, H4 and H5), 5.02-4.94 (m, 1H, H10), 4.86-4.76 (m, 1H, H16), 4.61-4.50 (m, 4H, H3 and H6), 4.18-4.10 (m, 1H, H13), 3.74 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.30-3.25 (m, 2H, H4'), 3.01-2.52 (m, 4H, H9 and H17), 1.97 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.25 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃), 1.93-0.88 (m, 6H, H1', H2' and H3'). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 171.8, C12; 170.0, NCOCH₃; 169.8, 10-CO; 169.2, C15; 157.3, 1-ArC1; 157.3, 8-ArC1; 156.1, NCO₂; 130.8, 8-ArC4; 130.4, 8-ArCH2 and 8-ArCH6; 130.3, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 128.7, C4; 128.5, C5; 126.3, 1-ArCH4; 115.1, 8-ArCH3 and 8-ArCH5; 114.7, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 79.3, C(CH₃)₃; 68.2, C3; 67.9, C6; 54.8, C16; 52.5, C13; 52.3, OCH₃; 52.1, C10; 39.5, C4'; 38.0, C9; 35.8, C17; 34.9, C1'; 31.9, C3'; 28.5, C(CH₃)₃; 26.2, 16-NCOCH₃; 23.3, C2'. MS (ESI, -ve) m/z 725.4 (100%) [MH⁺+formate], 681 (85%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₃₆H₄₉N₄O₉ 681.3500, found 681.3521.

5.14.9. (10S,13R,16S,4E/Z)-16-Acetamido-13-(4-aminobutyl)-11,14-diaza-10-methoxycarbonyl-2,7-dioxa-12,15-dioxo-1(1,4),8(4,1)-diphenylenecycloheptadecaphane-4-ene (**75**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general N-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from 74 (22 mg, 0.038 mmol) to yield **75** (20 mg, 0.034 mg, 89%) as a yellow solid. Mp >260 °C. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 8.16–8.03 (m, 3H, NH), 7.13-7.02 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.83-6.70 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.04-5.93 (m, 2H, H4 and H5), 4.66 (br s, 4H, H3 and H6), 4.60-4.50 (m, 1H, H10), 4.42-4.36 (m, 1H, H16), 4.16-4.06 (m, 1H, H13), 3.75-3.67 (m, 3H, OCH₃), 3.09–2.73 (m, 6H, H9, H17 and H4'), 1.92 (s, 3H, NCOCH₃), 1.52–1.28 (m, 4H, H1' and H2'), 0.98–0.75 (m, 2H, H3'). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 171.1, C12; 170.3, NCOCH₃; 169.9, 10-CO; 169.4, C15; 157.3, 1-ArC1; 157.13, 8-ArC1; 130.9, 8-ArC4; 130.5, 8-ArCH2 and 8-ArCH6; 130.1, 1-ArCH2 and 1-ArCH6; 128.8, C4; 128.4, C5; 126.3, 1-ArCH4; 115.5, 8-ArCH3 and 8-ArCH5; 114.4, 1-ArCH3 and 1-ArCH5; 68.6, C3; 67.9, C6; 54.8, C16; 52.6, C13; 52.4, OCH₃; 52.2, C10; 39.5, C4'; 38.0, C9'; 35.8, C17; 34.9, C1'; 32.0, C3'; 26.5, 16-NCOCH₃; 23.3, C2′. MS (ESI, -ve) *m*/*z* 581.6 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₃₁H₄₁N₃O₇ 581.2975, found 581.2980.

5.15. Synthesis of L-tyrosine acyclic dipeptides hydrochloride salts (Scheme 10)

5.15.1. Methyl (2S,5S)-2-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3-aza-9-(tertbutoxycarboxamido)-5-(9H-9-fluorenylmethylcarboxamido)-4-oxononanoate (**76**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general peptide coupling procedure (Procedure B), from **69** (200 mg, 0.74 mmol) and (2*S*)-6-*tert*-butoxycarboxamido-2-[(9*H*-9-fluorenylmethyloxy) carboxamido]hexanoic acid (291 mg, 0.62 mmol) to afford **76** (328 mg, 0.48 mmol, 77%) as a pale yellow solid. Mp 52–54 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.75 (d, *J*=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH1‴ and ArH8‴),

7.59 (d, *J*=6.9 Hz, 2H, ArH4^{*m*} and ArH5^{*m*}), 7.39 (t, *J*=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH3^{*m*} and ArH6^{*m*}), 7.30 (dd, *J*=1.2, 7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH2^{*m*} and ArH7^{*m*}), 6.98 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH2' and ArH6'), 6.77 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 2H, ArH3' and ArH5'), 6.58 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.02-5.92 (m, 1H, H2"), 5.56 (d, J=6.9 Hz, 1H, NH), 5.35 (dd, J=1.5, 17.1 Hz, 1H, H3_a"), 5.24 (dd, *J*=1.5, 10.8 Hz, 1H, H3_b"), 4.81 (dd, *J*=6.0, 13.8 Hz, 1H, H2), 4.70 (t, *J*=5.1 Hz, 1H, H5), 4.43–4.35 (m, 4H, H1" and OCH₂-H9"), 4.20 (d, *I*=7.2 Hz, 2H, H1"), 3.70 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.10–3.02 (m, 4H, H9 and ArCH₂), 1.83-1.78 (m, 2H, H6), 1.66-1.64 (m, 2H, H7), 1.43 (s, 9H C(CH₃)₃), 1.36–1.33 (m, 2H, H8). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 171.7, C4; 171.3, C1; 157.7, NCO₂; 156.1, NCO₂"; 143.7, ArC4'; 141.2, ArC8a^m and ArC9a^m; 141.0, ArC4a^m and ArC4b^m; 133.1, C2ⁿ; 130.1, ArCH2' and ArCH6'; 127.7, ArCH3'" and ArCH6'"; 127.5, ArCH2'' and ArCH7"; 127.0, ArCH1" and ArCH8"; 125.0, ArCH4" and ArCH5"; 119.9, ArC1'; 117.6, C3"; 114.7, ArCH3' and ArCH5'; 79.0, C(CH₃)₃; 68.6, CH₂-C9^{*m*}; 67.1, C1^{*n*}; 54.6, C5; 53.3, C2; 52.3, OCH₃; 47.0, C9^{*m*}; 39.8, C9; 36.8, ArCH₂; 32.0, C6; 29.5, C8; 28.4, C(CH₃)₃; 22.2, C7. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 686.4 (10%), 708.4 (100%) [MNa⁺]. HRMS calcd for C39H48N3O8 686.3441, found 686.3454.

5.15.2. Methyl (2S,5R)-2-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3-aza-5-(9H-9fluorenylmethylcarboxamido)-4-oxo-8-[(2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl)guanidino]nonanoate (**77**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general peptide coupling procedure (Procedure B), from 69 (200 mg, 0.74 mmol) and (2R)-2-(9H-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-8-[(2,2,5,7,8pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl)guanidino]pentanoic acid (411 mg, 0.62 mmol) to afford 77 (386 mg, 0.44 mmol, 71%) as a pale yellow solid. Mp 86 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.70 (d, *J*=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH1^{*m*} and ArH8^{*m*}), 7.52 (d, *J*=8.7 Hz, 2H, ArH4" and ArH5"), 7.33 (dd, J=7.8, 7.8 Hz, 2H, ArH3" and ArH6"), 7.23-7.16 (m, 2H, ArH2" and ArH7"), 6.90 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H, ArH2' and ArH6'), 6.68 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H, ArH3' and ArH5'), 6.32 (br s, 2H, NH), 6.15 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H, NH), 5.97-5.84 (m, 1H, H2"), 5.29 (d, J=17.4, 1H, H3_a"), 5.18 (d, J=10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b"), 4.71 (dd, J=7.8, 13.5 Hz, 1H, H2), 4.31–4.24 (m, 5H, H1", OCH₂-H9" and H5), 4.15– 4.04 (m, 1H, H9"), 3.62 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.23–313 (m, 2H, H8), 3.09– 2.95 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 2.58 (s, 3H, 7""-CH₃), 2.58-2.52 (m, 2H, H4""), 2.55 (s, 3H, 5^{""}-CH₃), 2.06 (s, 3H, 8^{""}-CH₃), 1.71 (t, J=6.6 Hz, 2H, H3""), 1.62-1.57 (m, 2H, H6), 1.50-1.42 (m, 2H, H7), 1.24 (s, 6H, 2×2^{*m*}-CH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.1, C1; 172.0, C4; 157.4, ArC6""; 156.8, NCO2; 156.2, ArC8a""; 153.6, CN3; 143.7, ArC4'; 141.2, ArC8a^m and ArC9a^m; 141.0, ArC4a^m and ArC4b^m; 135.4, ArC7^m; 134.8, ArC5""; 133.1, C2"; 130.1, ArCH2' and ArCH6'; 128.7, ArC8""; 128.3, ArCH3" and ArCH6"; 127.6, ArCH2" and ArCH7"; 127.0, ArCH1" and ArCH8"; 125.1, ArCH4" and ArCH5"; 119.8, ArC1'; 117.9, ArC4a""; 117.5, C3"; 114.6, ArCH3' and ArCH5'; 73.6, C2""; 68.6, C1"; 67.2, CH₂-C9"; 60.4, C9"; 53.7, C5; 52.3, OCH₃; 46.9, C2; 40.3, C8; 36.6, ArCH₂; 32.6, C4^{""}; 26.7, 2^{""}-CH₃; 21.3, C6; 21.0, C3^{""}; 18.5, C7; 17.5, 7^{""}-CH₃; 14.2, 5^{""}-CH₃; 12.0, 8^{""}-CH₃. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 880 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₄₈H₅₈N₅O₉S 880.3955, found 880.3944.

5.15.3. Methyl (2S,5S)-2-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3-aza-5-(9H-9fluorenylmethylcarboxamido)-4-oxo-8-[(2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4dihydro-2H-6-chromenylsulfonyl)guanidino]nonanoate (**78**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general peptide coupling procedure (Procedure B), from **69** (200 mg, 0.74 mmol) and (2*S*)-2-(9*H*-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-8-[(2,2,5,7,8-pentamethyl-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-6-chromenylsulfonyl)guanidino]pentanoic acid (411 mg, 0.62 mmol) to afford **78** (460 mg, 0.52 mmol, 84%) as a pale yellow solid. Mp 88–90 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ 7.70 (d, *J*=7.8 Hz, 2H, ArH1^{*m*} and ArH8^{*m*}), 7.53 (d, *J*=6.6 Hz, 2H, ArH4^{*m*} and ArH5^{*m*}), 7.40–7.25 (m, 2H, ArH3^{*m*} and ArH6^{*m*}), 7.21–7.18 (m, 2H, ArH2^{*m*} and ArH7^{*m*}), 6.98 (d, *J*=8.1 Hz, 2H, ArH2' and ArH6'), 6.70 (d, *J*=8.1 Hz, 2H, ArH3' and ArH5'), 6.34 (br s,

2H, NH), 6.13 (br s, 1H, NH), 5.99–5.87 (m, 1H, H2"), 5.30 (dd, *I*=1.5, 17.1 Hz, 1H, H3_a"), 5.19 (d, *J*=1.5, 10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b"), 4.72–4.65 (m, 1H, H2), 4.35-4.26 (m, 5H, H1", OCH2-H9" and H5), 4.15-4.06 (m, 1H, H9^m), 3.60 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.26-3.16 (m, 2H, H8), 3.04-2.88 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 2.58 (s, 3H, 7""-CH₃), 2.56-2.54 (m, 2H, H4""), 2.54 (s, 3H, 5^m-CH₃), 2.07 (s, 3H, 8^m-CH₃), 1.85-1.78 (m, 2H, H6), 1.72 (t, *J*=6.9 Hz, 2H, H3^{*m*}), 1.58–1.52 (m, 2H, H7), 1.25 (s, 6H, 2×2^{*m*}-CH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ 172.2; C1; 172.0, C4; 157.4, ArC6^{*i*} 156.8, NCO2; 156.3, ArC8a""; 153.6, CN3; 143.8, ArC4'; 141.1, ArC8a"" and ArC9a^{'''}; 141.0, ArC4a^{'''} and ArC4b^{'''}; 135.4, ArC7^{'''}; 134.8, ArC5""; 133.2, C2"; 130.1, ArCH2' and ArCH6'; 128.7, ArC8""; 128.2, ArCH3^{'''} and ArCH6^{'''}; 127.6, ArCH2^{'''} and ArCH7^{'''}; 127.0, ArCH1^{'''} and ArCH8"; 125.2, ArCH4" and ArCH5"; 119.8, ArC1'; 117.9, ArC4a""; 117.5, C3"; 114.6, ArCH3' and ArCH5'; 73.6, C2""; 68.5, C1"; 67.1, CH₂-C9^{'''}; 60.4, C9^{'''}; 54.0, C5; 52.2, OCH₃; 46.9, C2; 40.4, C8; 36.5, ArCH₂; 32.6, C4""; 26.7, 2""-CH₃; 25.1, C6; 21.3, C3""; 18.5, C7; 17.5, 7""-CH₃; 14.2, 5""-CH₃; 12.0, 8""-CH₃. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 880 (30%), 902 (100%) [MNa⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₄₈H₅₈N₅O₉S 880.3955, found 880.3943.

5.15.4. Methyl (2S,5R)-2-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-9-amino-3-aza-5-(9H-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-4-oxononanoate hydrochloride (**79**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general N-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from 70 (132 mg, 0.19 mmol) to yield **79** (92 mg, 0.15 mmol, 79%) as a white solid. Mp 162-170 °C. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 8.02 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.79 (d, *J*=7.6 Hz, 2H, ArH1^{*m*} and ArH8^{*m*}), 7.64 (t, *J*=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH4^{*m*} and ArH5""), 7.38 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H, ArH3" and ArH6""), 7.41-7.26 (m, 2H, ArH2^{*m*} and ArH7^{*m*}), 7.04 (d, *J*=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH2^{*r*} and ArH6^{*r*}), 6.73 (d, *I*=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH3' and ArH5'), 6.00–5.87 (m, 1H, H2"), 5.28 (d, *I*=17.3 Hz, 1H, H3_a"), 5.16 (d, *I*=10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b"), 4.62 (dt, *I*=5.0, 8.8 Hz, 1H, H5), 4.35-4.32 (m, 4H, H1' and OCH₂-H9"'), 4.19 (t, J=6.7 Hz, 1H, H9^m), 4.07 (dd, J=5.1, 8.0 Hz, 1H, H2), 3.70 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.14-3.07 (m, 2H, H9), 2.93-2.82 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 1.63-1.53 (m, 4H, H6 and H7), 1.33–1.28 (m, 2H, H8). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 174.2, C4; 173.2, C1; 158.1, NCO₂; 145.1, ArC4'; 145.0, ArC8a''' and ArC9a"; 142.4, ArC4a" and ArC4b"; 134.7, C2"; 131.1, ArCH2' and ArCH6'; 129.8, ArCH3'" and ArCH6'"; 128.7, ArCH2'' and ArCH7'"; 128.7, ArCH1" and ArCH8"; 128.1, ArCH4" and ArCH5"; 120.8, ArC1'; 117.3, C3'; 115.6, ArCH3' and ArCH5'; 69.6, CH2-C9"'; 68.0, C1"; 56.1, C5; 55.2, C2; 55.1, OCH₃; 52.8, C9"; 40.5, C9; 37.3, ArCH₂; 32.6, C6; 28.1, C8; 23.6, C7. MS (ESI, +ve) *m*/*z* 586.3 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₃₄H₄₀N₃O₆ 586.2917, found 586.2935.

5.15.5. Methyl (2S,5S)-2-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-9-amino-3-aza-5-(9H-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarboxamido)-4-oxononanoate hydrochloride (**80**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general N-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from 76 (73 mg, 0.106 mmol) to yield **80** (48 mg, 0.07 mmol, 68%) as a white solid. Mp 160–168 °C. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.79 (d, *J*=7.2 Hz, 2H, ArH1^{""} and ArH8^{""}), 7.65 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 2H, ArH4^{""} and ArH5^{""}), 7.39 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H, ArH3^{'''} and ArH6^{'''}), 7.29 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H, ArH2^{'''} and ArH7"), 7.07 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH2' and ArH6'), 6.77 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH3' and ArH5'), 6.01–5.88 (m, 1H, H2"), 5.29 (dd, J=1.2, 18.3 Hz, 1H, H3_a"), 5.16 (dd, J=1.2, 10.5 Hz, 1H, H3_b"), 4.67– 4.59 (m, 1H, H5), 4.40–4.30 (m, 4H, H1' and OCH₂-H9""), 4.22–4.18 (m, 1H, H9"), 4.12–4.07 (m, 1H, H2), 3.67 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.11–3.04 (m, 2H, H9), 2.97-2.87 (m, 2H, ArCH2), 1.73-1.60 (m, 4H, H6 and H7), 1.45–1.30 (m, 2H, H8). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 125 MHz): δ 174.4, C4; 173.3, C1; 158.1, NCO2; 145.2, ArC4'; 145.0, ArC8a''' and ArC9a'''; 142.4, ArC4a^m and ArC4b^m; 134.7, C2^m; 131.2, ArCH2['] and ArCH6[']; 129.8, ArCH3" and ArCH6"; 128.8, ArCH2" and ArCH7"; 128.1, ArCH1" and ArCH8"; 126.2, ArCH4" and ArCH5"; 120.9, ArC1'; 117.4, C3'; 115.6, ArCH3' and ArCH5'; 69.6, CH₂-C9"'; 68.0, C1"; 55.9, C5; 55.2, C2; 55.1, OCH₃; 52.8, C9^{*m*}; 40.4, C9; 37.3, ArCH₂; 32.4, C6; 27.9, C8; 23.6, C7. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 586.7 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₃₄H₄₀N₃O₆ 586.2917, found 586.2925.

5.15.6. Methyl (2S,5R)-2-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3-aza-5-(9H-9-fluorenylmethylcarboxamido)-8-guanidino-4-oxononanoate hydrochloride (**81**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general N-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from 77 (62 mg, 0.068 mmol) to yield 81 (35 mg, 0.054 mmol, 79%) as a white solid. Mp 158–162 °C. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.78 (d, *J*=7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH1" and ArH8"), 7.64 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H, ArH4" and ArH5"), 7.38 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 2H, ArH3" and ArH6"), 7.40-7.26 (m, 2H, ArH2" and ArH7^{*m*}), 7.04 (d, *J*=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH2^{*r*} and ArH6^{*r*}), 6.72 (d, *J*=8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH3' and ArH5'), 6.00–5.86 (m, 1H, H2"), 5.28 (d, J=17.1 Hz, 1H, H3_a"), 5.16 (d, *J*=10.8 Hz, 1H, H3_b"), 4.61 (dd, *J*=5.1, 9.0 Hz, 1H, H2), 4.34-4.32 (m, 4H, H1" and OCH2-H9"), 4.21-4.16 (m, 1H, H5), 4.08-4.06 (m, 1H, H9"), 3.69 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.12-3.07 (m, 2H, H8), 2.94-2.86 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 1.69-1.59 (m, 2H, H6), 1.57-1.43 (m, 2H, H7). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 172.0, C4; 171.8, C1 156.8, CN₃; 156.6, ArC4'; 155.9, NCO2; 143.8, ArC8a^m and ArC9a^m; 140.8, ArC4a^m and ArC4b""; 135.5, C2"; 130.1, ArC1'; 129.6, ArCH4" and ArCH5""; 127.7, ArCH2" and ArCH7"; 127.2, ArCH1" and ArCH8"; 125.4, ArCH3" and ArCH6"; 120.2, ArCH2' and ArCH6'; 117.3, C3"; 114.3, ArCH3' and ArCH5'; 68.0, C1"; 65.8, CH2-C9"; 59.3, C9"; 54.0, C5; 52.0, OCH3; 46.7, C2; 40.3, C8; 36.1, ArCH2; 29.1, C6; 24.9, C7. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 614.6 (100%) [MH⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₃₄H₄₀N₅O₆ 614.2979, found 614.3007.

5.15.7. Methyl (2S,5S)-2-(4-allyloxybenzyl)-3-aza-5-(9H-9-fluorenylmethylcarboxamido)-8-guanidino-4-oxononanoate hydrochloride (**82**)

The title compound was synthesized using the general N-Boc deprotection procedure (Procedure A), from 78 (93 mg, 0.10 mmol) to yield 82 (54 mg, 0.083 mmol, 83%) as a white solid. Mp 170-175 °C. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz): δ 7.90 (d, *J*=7.2 Hz, 2H, ArH1 " and ArH8"), 7.75-7.70 (m, 2H, ArH4" and ArH5"), 7.45-7.31 (m, 4H, ArH3", ArH6", ArH2" and ArH7"), 7.14 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H, ArH2' and ArH6'), 6.82 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H, ArH3' and ArH5'), 6.05–5.92 (m, 1H, H2"), 5.34 (d, J=17.1 Hz, 1H, H3_a"), 5.21 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H, H3_b"), 4.47-4.42 (m, 2H, H2 and H5), 4.29-4.24 (m, 4H, H1" and OCH2-H9"), 4.09-4.07 (m, 1H, H9"), 3.59 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.19-3.12 (m, 2H, H8), 3.03-2.92 (m, 2H, ArCH₂), 1.70-1.60 (m, 2H, H6), 1.54-1.52 (m, 2H, H7). ^{13}C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz): δ 171.9, C4; 171.8, C1 157.0, CN₃; 156.6, ArC4'; 155.9, NCO2; 143.9, ArC8a''' and ArC9a'''; 140.7, ArC4a''' and ArC4b"; 133.8, C2"; 130.1, ArC1'; 129.0, ArCH4" and ArCH5"; 127.7, ArCH2" and ArCH7"; 127.1, ArCH1" and ArCH8"; 125.4, ArCH3" and ArCH6"; 120.1, ArCH2' and ArCH6'; 117.3, C3"; 114.4, ArCH3' and ArCH5'; 68.1, C1"; 65.7, CH₂-C9"; 59.3, C9"; 53.9, C5; 51.8, OCH₃; 46.7, C2; 40.3, C8; 35.7, ArCH₂; 29.0, C6; 25.1, C7. MS (ESI, +ve) m/z 614.8 (100%) [M⁺]. HRMS calcd for C₃₄H₄₀N₅O₆ 614.2979, found 614.2972.

5.16. Anti-bacterial testing

Anti-bacterial testing against *Staphylococcus aureus* ATCC6538P was performed at Avexa Ltd, Melbourne, Australia.

Assay procedure: a standardized inoculate for assays was prepared in 1/10 dilution of seed culture. To a 96 well microtitre plate was added 50 μ L of liquid medium [Mueller–Hinton broth medium (MHB) and Mueller–Hinton agar medium (MHA)]. The peptoid compounds were dissolved in a 50% MeOH/H₂O solution for the final concentration of 1 mg/mL. Test solution (50 μ L) was added into the top row of the plate. A dilution series were continued until it reached the last row of the plate the excess was discarded. The plates (two peptoid samples were tested per plate) were incubated at 37 °C and shaken at 100 rpm for 18 h.

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